## Creating Frameworks of Good Practice

WFD/MSFD Sustainable Aquaculture Workshops 12th / 13th June 2014 - Copenhagen

> Mrs Anu-Maria Sandelin Finnish Fish Farmers Association



#### Creating Frameworks of Good Practice

Phil Thomas,
Chairman,
Scottish Salmon Producers' Organisation



Creating Frameworks of Good Practice

Ferenc Lévai Hungarian Aquaculture Association

Sustainable Aquaculture workshop (20<sup>th</sup> / 21<sup>st</sup> May 2014 - Vienna)



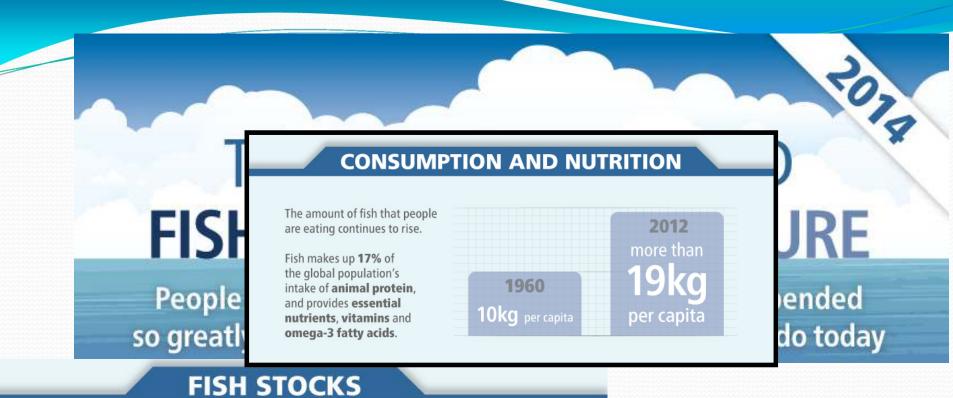
### **Creating Frameworks of Good Practice**

**Andrea Fabris** 



**Sustainable Aquaculture Workshop** 6<sup>th</sup> May 2014 - Athens

Next Steps:
- Final meeting



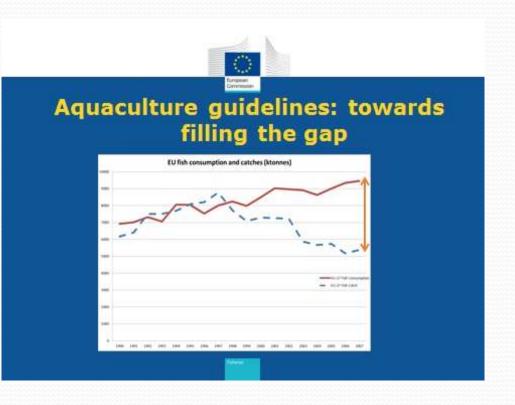
71% of the commercially important marine fish stocks monitored by FAO are fished within biologically sustainable levels (2011)

10% 61% 29% Under-Fully Overfished fished fished

FAO [11.6..2014] http://www.fao.org/resources/infographics/infographics-details/en/c/231544/

#### Strategic Guidelines

for the sustainable development of EU aquaculture



#### Presenting common priorities and general objectives at EU level:

- reducing administrative burdens
- improving access to space and water
- increasing competitiveness
- exploiting competitive advantages due to high quality, health and environmental standards

COM(2013) 229 final

#### **Topic for Today**

Good practice examples of effective and cost-efficient transposition and implementation of the WFD and MSFD

- 'Good practice'
- 'Best practice' comparative benchmarked operating procedures (OPs).
- 'Good practice' fully effective performance of documented OPs.
- 'Improving practice' improving performance of improving documented OPs.
- 'Failing practice' declining performance of documented OPs.
- 'Poor practice' jokingly is said to be failing practice most readily recognised in other people's organisations!!



#### **Good Practice Frameworks**

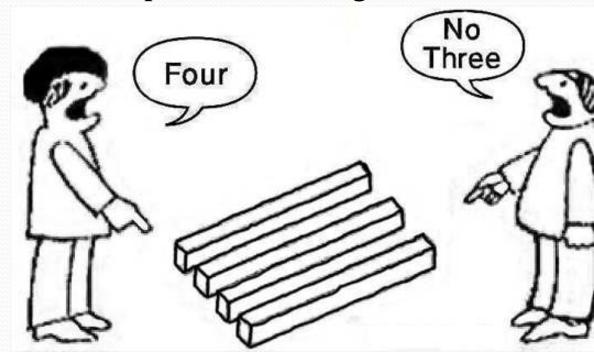
Developing Good Practice frameworks for aquaculture depends on a number of interacting factors

- Definition of objectives
- Achievable outcomes
- Good legislation
- Harmonization on good practice
- Professional management and personnel
- The farming tasks and farm locations
- Scientific understanding should be a base for integrating aquaculture and the environment

#### Challenges for Regulators

- inappropriate, inflexible, one size fits all legislation
- difficult-to-adopt, bureaucratic transposition and regulation
- a risk based approach
- relevant public R&D and base on environmental studies

Recognising that there are different ways in MS's at looking at things



#### Challenges for the Aquaculture Industry

- poorly-designed legislation and difficult-to-adopt, bureaucratic transposition and regulation.
- Continually implementing new systems and new production technologies
- Constantly updating management systems and operator training.
- Continually updating CoGPs to reflect fast-changing technology and regulation.
- Consultation with stakeholders is a key issue and to achieving effective communication with stakeholders.

#### Legislative and Regulatory Impacts

Unintended impacts on industry can and do occur is a number of ways

- Impacts on development planning
  - Acceptable?
  - Implementable?
- Impacts on farming and business operations
  - Licensing/administration is over-burdening
  - Time-consuming
  - Expensive
  - Food production sectors are not treat as equal



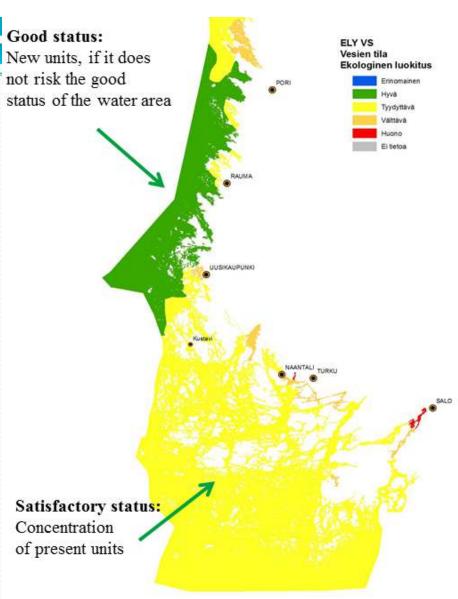
#### **FEAP Wide Perceptions**

- Multiagency multi-legislation problems
- Bureaucratic systems
- Inconsistencies in systems and costs.
- Lack of parity with other users.
- Poor levels of understanding of aquaculture



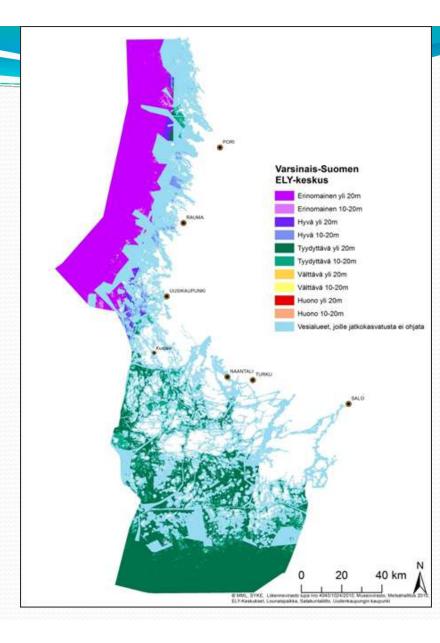
# Spatial Planning and Aquaculture -FINLAND

- Ecological classification
   Water Framework Directive of
   the water area
   was a starting point
- And The Precautionary principle...



#### Identifying process

- New units were not directed to
  - shallower than 10 m (extensive fish farming)
  - nearer than 500 m from summer houses
  - shallower than 20 m in reef NATURA-areas (SCI)
  - nearer than 500 m from bird islands (NATURA (SPA))
  - nearer 100 m from protected ship wrecks
  - national parks or conservation areas
  - fish spawning areas
  - shipping and boat routes
  - fishing areas
- Conflict avoiding approach

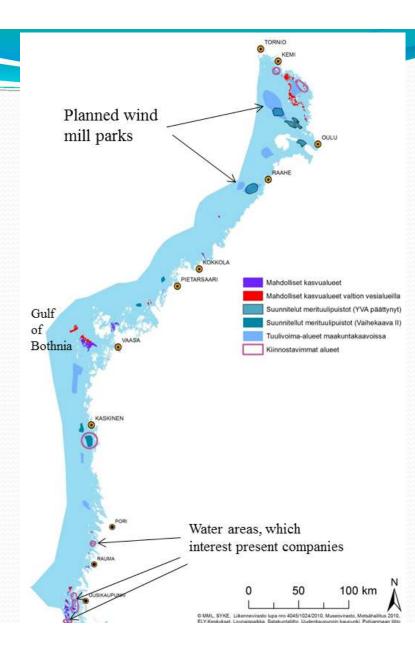


## Potential growth areas

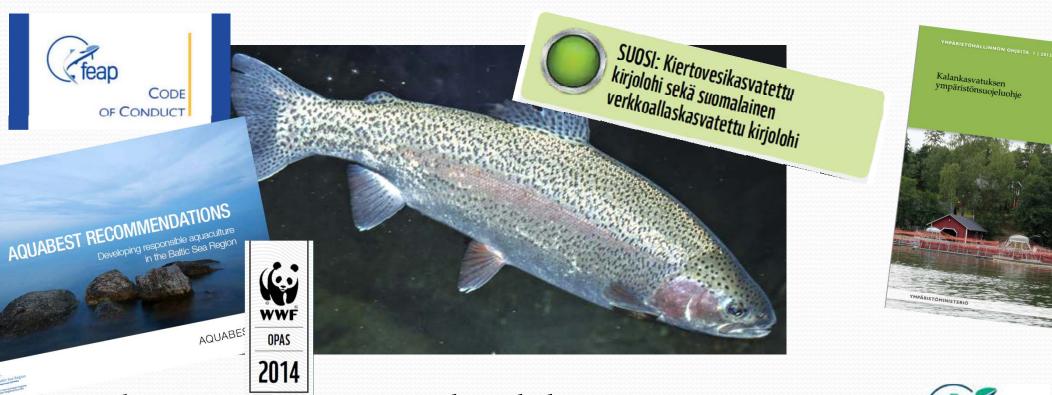
- New units were directed to
  - water parametric is good or exelent

Only 1 - 2 % of the identified growth areas useful with present (adjusted) technology

- wind farm area



#### Legislation, instruction, good practices in EU



Comprehensive good practice manuals, including area management systems, tailored for the different types of fish farming in EU and for the different specie FEEP















