

E-commerce JSI

Civil Society Dialogue

7 March 2023



How it all started

- Political launch of negotiations in Davos in January 2019
- Open to all WTO Members; currently 88 Members (mix of developed, developing and some least-developed countries)
- Systemic importance for the WTO
- EU key priorities:
 - a commercially meaningful agreement
 - concluded by as many WTO Members as possible .
 - integrated within the WTO framework





Structure and scope

- The negotiations are chaired by Japan, Australia and Singapore, acting as co-conveners
- Monthly hybrid negotiation rounds since July 2022
 - Negotiations take place in small groups that handle specific articles
 - Plenary sessions ensure transparency by creating a forum for other WTO Members to comment
- Negotiations are based on the text proposals by JSI Members
- +/- 40 different topics, covering both services and goods





• Good progress so far, small group discussions concluded on:

online consumer protection, paperless trading, open government data, spam, transparency, electronic contracts, electronic authentication and e-signatures, cybersecurity, open internet access, electronic invoicing, electronic transactions frameworks

- **Stock-take sessions** for streamlining the text
- Key remaining issues: data flows, privacy, source code, custom duties on electronic transmissions, ICT products that use cryptography





- Eight more negotiation rounds until the end of the year
- Focus on **key regulatory issues** with a view of achieving substantive progress by the end of the year
- High-level meetings to provide political impetus to the process

