



## OVERVIEW OF ECONOMIC PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENTS

Region	Current status	Next step
<p><u><a href="#">CENTRAL AFRICA</a></u></p>	<p>Cameroon signed the EPA between the EU and Central Africa as the only country in the region on 15 January 2009. The European Parliament gave its consent in June 2013. In July 2014, the Parliament of Cameroon approved the ratification of the Agreement and on 4 August 2014, the agreement entered into provisional application. Tariff liberalisation started in 2016 and entered in its fifth phase in 2021. Parts of the products (category 1) in the liberalisation bands are now fully liberalised. Other products (categories 2 and 3) have seen their applied duty already reduce by 60% or 10%.</p> <p>The eighth meeting of the EPA Committee took place in Brussels on 24-25 September 2024.</p>	<p><b>8 Member States have not ratified the agreement:</b> Belgium, Germany, Estonia, France, Hungary, Netherlands, Poland, Slovenia.</p>

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<p><u><a href="#">WEST AFRICA</a></u></p>	<p><b>EPAs with Côte d'Ivoire and Ghana:</b> the agreements are provisionally applied.</p> <p>The EPA with Côte d'Ivoire was signed on 26 November 2008, approved by the European Parliament on 25 March 2009, and ratified by the Ivoirian National Assembly on 12 August 2016. It entered into provisional application on 3 September 2016.</p> <p>The sixth EPA Committee with Côte d'Ivoire took place on 12-13 October 2023 in Abidjan.</p> <p>The EPA with Ghana was signed on 28 July 2016, ratified on 3 August 2016 by the Ghanaian Parliament and approved by the European Parliament on 1 December 2016. It entered into provisional application on 15 December 2016. Ghana started tariff liberalisation in 2020 and implemented the first tariff cuts on 1 July 2021.</p> <p>The fifth EPA Committee with Ghana took place on 15-16 November 2023 in Brussels.</p> <p>Negotiations of the regional EPA covering 16 countries in West Africa were concluded on 30 June 2014. All EU Member States and 13 West African Countries signed the EPA in December 2014, except Nigeria, Mauritania and The Gambia. The Gambia signed on 9 August 2018 and Mauritania on 21 September 2018, with Nigeria remaining the only country of West Africa that has not signed the EPA.</p> <p>Mauritania and ECOWAS signed an Association Agreement on 9 August 2017 to define the country's participation in ECOWAS' trade policy, including the EPA.</p>	<p>The sixth meeting of the EU-Ghana EPA Committee should take place in Accra in the first quarter of 2025.</p> <p>The seventh meeting of the EU-Côte d'Ivoire EPA Committee should take place in Brussels in the first quarter of 2025.</p> <p><b>EU-Ghana interim EPA: 20 Member States have not ratified the agreement:</b> Belgium, Bulgaria, Czechia, Denmark, Germany, Estonia, Ireland, France, Italy, Cyprus, Latvia, Malta, Netherlands, Austria, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovenia, Slovakia and Sweden.</p> <p><b>EU-Côte d'Ivoire interim EPA: 6 Member States have not ratified the agreement:</b> Belgium, Czechia, Germany, Estonia, Italy and Netherlands.</p> <p><b>Regional EPA:</b> After signature by all the Parties, the agreement will be submitted for ratification.</p>

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<p><u><a href="#">EASTERN AND SOUTHERN AFRICA(ESA)</a></u></p>	<p>In 2009 Mauritius, Seychelles, Zimbabwe and Madagascar signed an interim Economic Partnership Agreement (EPA). The Agreement is applied provisionally since 14 May 2012. The European Parliament gave its consent on 17 January 2013.</p> <p>The provisional application for Comoros started on 7 February 2019. The inaugural EPA Committee was held in October 2012 in Brussels, and the latest, ninth, EPA Committee meeting took place virtually on 12 October 2022. The Customs Cooperation Committee and the Joint Development Committee also met alongside the EPA Committee.</p> <p>The Parties have also agreed to extend the scope of this EPA to areas not currently covered by the current agreement.</p> <p>Negotiations for the ‘deepening’ of the existing agreement were officially launched in Mauritius in October 2019. Since then, twelve rounds of negotiations have taken place: the first in Victoria (Seychelles) from 15 to 17 January 2020. The following six by video conference due to the Covid-19 pandemic on 6 - 8 July and 24-27 November 2020, on 13-16 April, 19-23 July and 22-26 November 2021 and on 28 March to 1 April 2022. The eighth took place from 30 May to 3 June 2022 in Brussels and via videoconference, the ninth in Antananarivo and via video-conference from 19 to 23 September 2022, the tenth in Brussels and via video-conference from 12 to 16 December 2022, the eleventh in Victoria Falls and via video-conference from 27 to 31 March 2023; the twelfth from 26 to 30 June 2023 in Brussels and via video-conference; the</p>	<p>The next round of negotiations should take place in the first quarter of 2025.</p>

	<p>thirteenth from 18 to 22 March 2024 in Comoros and via video-conference and the fourteenth from 30 September to 4 October 2024 in Brussels and via video-conference.</p> <p>The negotiations cover all trade related areas such as rules of origin, trade barriers to trade, customs and trade facilitation, sanitary and phytosanitary standards, agriculture, trade and sustainable development, trade in services, investment liberalisation and digital trade, intellectual property rights, public procurement and economic and development cooperation.</p> <p>(Reports of negotiation rounds and EU draft texts can be found at the <a href="#">EU-Eastern and Southern Africa (ESA5) EPA deepening negotiations</a> web page).</p>	
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<p><a href="#"><u>EASTAFRICAN COMMUNITY (EAC)</u></a></p>	<p>The negotiations for the regional EPA were successfully concluded on 16 October 2014.</p> <p>On 1 September 2016, Kenya and Rwanda signed the Economic Partnership Agreement between the East African Community and the EU. All EU Member States and the EU have also signed the Agreement. All EAC members need to sign and ratify the EPA for the agreement to be implemented.</p> <p>In February 2021, the Eastern African Community (EAC) leaders decided to give green light to its members wishing to engage with the EU with a view to implementing the EAC-EU EPA based on the principle of variable geometry. Kenya submitted a formal request to implement this agreement bilaterally.</p> <p>On 17 February 2022, EU and Kenya launched talks on the bilateral implementation by Kenya of the EU-EAC EPA with sustainability provisions. The political conclusion of the negotiations took place on 19 June 2023 in Nairobi and the agreement was signed on 18 December 2023 also in Nairobi. The European Parliament gave its consent on 29 February 2024. The agreement introduces the necessary adjustments for the implementation of the regional EPA by an individual EAC member and is open to any other EAC country to join in the future.</p> <p>(Reports of negotiation rounds can be found at the <a href="#"><u>EU-Kenya agreement: Documents</u></a> web page and the text of the agreement at the <a href="#"><u>EU-Kenya:</u></a></p>	<p>EU-Kenya EPA implementation discussions will continue in the fourth quarter of 2024.</p>

	<p><a href="#">Text of the Agreement</a> web page).</p> <p>The EU-Kenya EPA <a href="#">entered into force on 1 July 2024</a>.</p>	
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<a href="#"><u>SOUTH AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT COMMUNITY (SADC) EPA Group</u></a>	<p>On 15 July 2014, the EPA negotiations were successfully concluded in South Africa. The agreement was signed by the EU and the SADC EPA group on 10 June 2016 and the European Parliament gave its consent on 14 September 2016. Pending ratification by all EU Member States, the agreement came provisionally into force as of 10 October 2016.</p> <p>The provisional application for Mozambique started on 4 February 2018.</p> <p>A first Joint Council meeting at Ministerial level took place on 19 February 2019 in Cape Town and put in place the institutional and dispute settlement framework.</p> <p>On 14 June 2019, the EU requested formally dispute settlement consultations with SACU over their safeguard measure on EU poultry. This is the first step in the EPA's dispute avoidance and settlement mechanism. Consultations took place on 13 September 2019 in Gaborone, Botswana. In April 2020, the EU requested the establishment of an arbitration panel. This process was put initially on hold because of the Covid-19 pandemic and was resumed in November 2020. The arbitration panel was established in December 2021. The oral hearing took place in March 2022 in Gaborone. On 3 August, the arbitration panel issued the final report. The panel found that the safeguard had been imposed in violation of the principles of article 34 of the EU-SADC EPA on safeguards and was therefore illegal.</p>	<p>The 5-year EPA review was launched in November 2021.</p> <p>The second EU-SADC Joint Council is expected to be scheduled in 2025.</p> <p><b>14 Member States have not ratified the agreement</b> Belgium, Bulgaria, Germany, Ireland, Italy, France, Cyprus, Malta, Netherlands, Austria, Poland, Slovenia, Slovakia, Sweden.</p>

	<p>The tenth meeting of the Trade and Development Committee took place on 8-9 February 2024 in Durban, South Africa.</p> <p>On 26 July 2022, the EU-SADC EPA Joint Council adopted the decision on Angola's Accession to the EU SADC EPA, enabling Angola to start negotiations for accession to the EU-SADC EPA.</p>	
<p><a href="#"><u>EU-ANGOLA SIFA</u></a></p>	<p>The European Union concluded negotiations with Angola on a Sustainable Investment Facilitation Agreement on 18 November 2022. The agreement will seek to facilitate investment, simplify procedures, enhance public-private dialogue and promote responsible investment. The agreement was signed on 17 November 2023. The European Parliament gave its consent on 7 February 2024 and the Council approved the conclusion of the agreement on 4 March 2024. The agreement entered into force on 1 September 2024.</p>	



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<p><u>CARIBBEAN</u></p>	<p>The CARIFORUM – EU EPA was signed in October 2008 and approved by the European Parliament in March 2009.</p> <p>This EPA has a rich institutional structure and the EPA joint institutions have met regularly since 2010:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The tenth Trade and Development Committee took place in Nassau, Bahamas on 24-25 April 2024.</li> <li>• The fourth Joint CARIFORUM-EU Council (Ministers) held its meeting in Brussels in November 2017.</li> <li>• The sixth Consultative Committee representing civil society held its last meeting in May 2022 in Barbados.</li> <li>• The seventh CARIFORUM-EU Special Committee on Customs Cooperation and Trade Facilitation was held on 27 April 2022 in Guyana.</li> <li>• The fourth CARIFORUM-EU Special Committee on Agriculture and Fisheries was held on 13 February 2020 (virtually).</li> <li>• The third CARIFORUM-EU Joint Parliamentary Committee meeting was held in Port of Spain, Trinidad and Tobago, on 31 October - 1 November 2017.</li> </ul> <p>Key implementation topics with CARIFORUM under discussion are: setting up a joint monitoring mechanism, 5-year EPA Review, GI negotiations, increasing transparency of the applicable EPA tariff rates and HS transposition 2002-2017 of Market Access Schedules,</p>	<p>Meetings planned to advance the agenda:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- The fifth Joint CARIFORUM-EU Council is expected to be scheduled in 2025.</li> <li>- The Monitoring Task Force should agree on the first pilot monitoring report (to be produced jointly before the next Joint Council).</li> <li>- The first meeting of the Joint Working Group on Simplification of Rules of Origin took place in October 2021. The next one is pending of reaction to EU proposal.</li> </ul> <p><b>On the EU side</b>, Hungary has not ratified the agreement. <b>On the CARIFORUM side</b>, Bahamas, Jamaica, Haiti, Suriname and Trinidad and Tobago <u>have not ratified the agreement</u>.</p>

	<p>activation of the Cultural Protocol.</p> <p>Negotiations on the agreement to protect geographical indications (GIs) are ongoing and the fourth round took place (virtually) on 27 September 2024.</p> <p>The Decision on setting up a Services Committee was adopted at the tenth Trade and Development Committee. The Services Committee had its first meeting on 16 October 2024.</p> <p>There is an ongoing EPA Review process with CARIFORUM focusing on progress in implementation and impact of the Agreement with the final Review Report expected in 2024.</p>	
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<a href="#">PACIFIC</a>	<p>The EU and Papua New Guinea (PNG) signed the interim EPA on 30 July and Fiji on 11 December 2009. The EP gave its consent on 19 January 2011. The Parliament of PNG ratified the EPA on 25 May 2011. On 17 July 2014, Fiji decided to start provisionally applying the Agreement.</p> <p>Samoa and Solomon Islands acceded to the EPA on 21 December 2018 and 17 May 2020, respectively.</p> <p>Nine meetings of the Trade Committee established under the EPA have taken place as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 11 April 2011, Port Moresby</li> <li>• 24 February 2012, Port Moresby</li> <li>• 11 July 2013, Brussels</li> <li>• 24 June 2015, Brussels</li> <li>• 19 October 2017, Brussels</li> <li>• 24 October 2018, Brussels</li> <li>• 3-4 October 2019, Suva, Fiji</li> <li>• 7-8 October 2021 (virtual)</li> <li>• 6-7 February 2024, Apia, Samoa</li> </ul>	<p>Accession processes are underway with Federated States of Micronesia, Niue, Timor-Leste, Tonga, Tuvalu and Vanuatu.</p> <p>The tenth meeting of the EPA Committee should take place in Brussels in the first quarter of 2025.</p>

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<a href="#"><u>AFRICAN UNION</u></a>	<p>At the EU-African Union (AU) Commission-to-Commission meeting that took place in Brussels in November 2022, both Commissions agreed to set up a High-Level Dialogue (HLD) on economic integration with a view to strengthening trade relations and sustainable investment between the two continents.</p> <p>The first meeting of the HLD took place on 14 October 2024 in Addis Abeba.</p>	