

National Summary for Article 12

1. General information

1.1 Number and area of SPAs

The table below provides the total number and total area of sites designated under the Birds Directive (Special Protection Areas, SPAs), terrestrial area of sites and number and area of marine sites (i.e. any site with a marine component).

Empty cells in tables mean that the component requested was not applicable.

All		Terrestrial	Marine	
No.	Area (km ²)	Area (km ²)	No.	Area (km ²)
202	29527	27866	44	1661
Date of database used: 31-10-2012				

1.2 Number of SPAs with comprehensive management plans

Number of SPAs for which comprehensive management plans have been adopted: **1**

Percentage of the network area covered by comprehensive management plans: **5%**

Number of sites for which management plans are under preparation (optional field): **not reported**

1.3 Research and other work on bird populations

This section provides an indication of whether any of the activities listed in the section 6 of the General report have been carried out during the reporting period (for more details and references see the General report - the link to the report is given after the section 7 of this national summary).

National bird atlas: **no**

National bird monitoring overview(s): **yes**

National bird red list: **yes**

Other publication(s) of EU-wide interest: **yes**

2. Number of bird species/populations

This section provides a summary of the number of bird taxa (species and subspecific populations) for which a species-based report was completed, including a breakdown by season, and by subsets (e.g. Annex I, SPA trigger and non-native species).

Season	All native taxa	Annex I	SPA trigger	Non-native
Breeding	250	92	78	1
Wintering	63	24	42	0
Passage	28	23	27	0
Total	341	139	147	1

Note: These statistics are based on the revised checklists. The harmonisation of the codes used for 'presence status' was needed and the summary of changes in comparison to the reported information by the Member State can be consulted through this link: http://bd.eionet.europa.eu/activities/Reporting_Tool/Documents/Art_12_checklist_changes.

Occasional or vagrant species, and species that went extinct nationally prior to 1980 (i.e. around the time the Birds Directive came into force), if indicated are excluded.

Number of taxa that went extinct nationally after 1980: **1**

Number of newly arriving taxa: **none**

Number of taxa on checklist for which no reports received: **none**

3. Information on trends

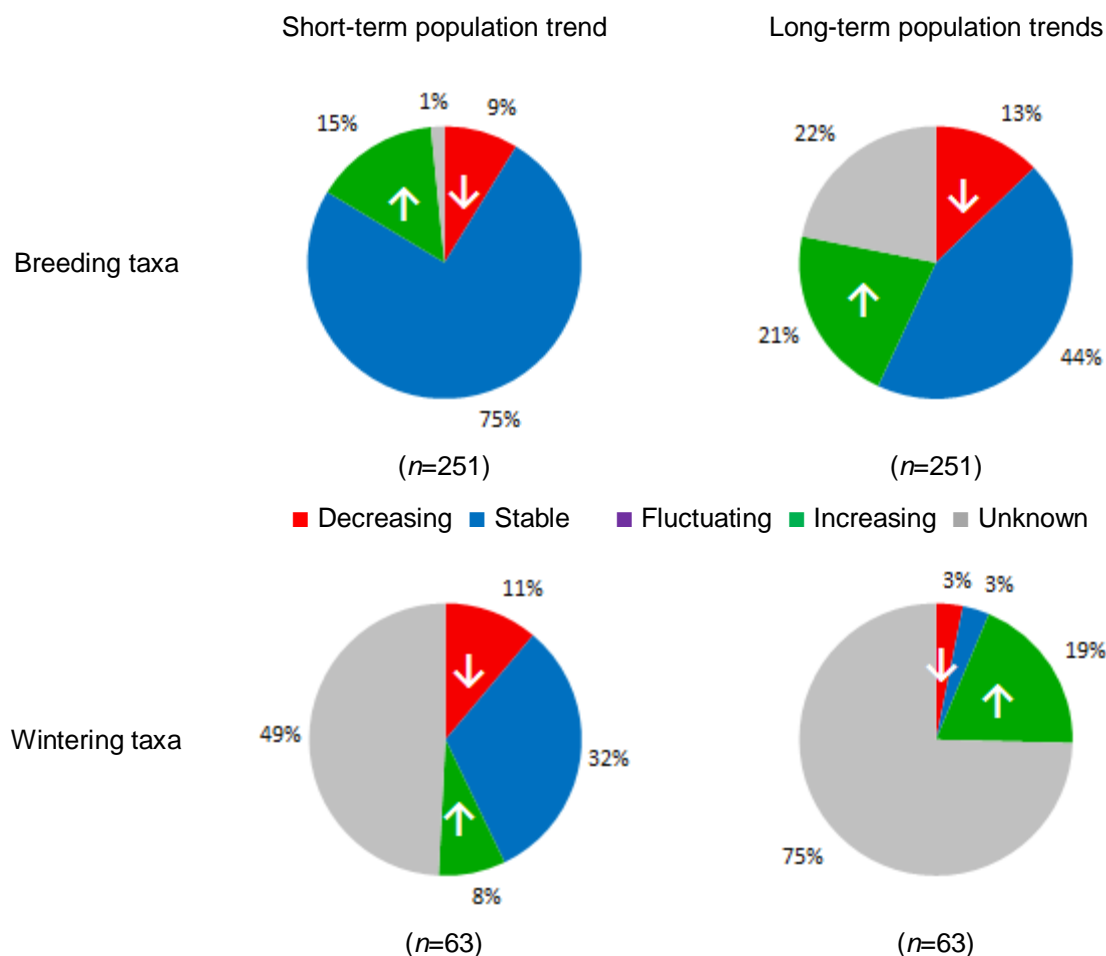
This section provides information about trends of national bird populations.

Note: Article 12 reporting covers only a subset of Wintering taxa occurring in the national territory.

3.1 Population trends

The graphs show the percentages of taxa reported as having decreasing, stable, fluctuating, increasing or unknown population trends. Both short- and long-term population trends are included. The percentages are shown separately for breeding and wintering taxa.

Note: The trend category ‘unknown’ may include also taxa on the checklist for which no trend information was provided.



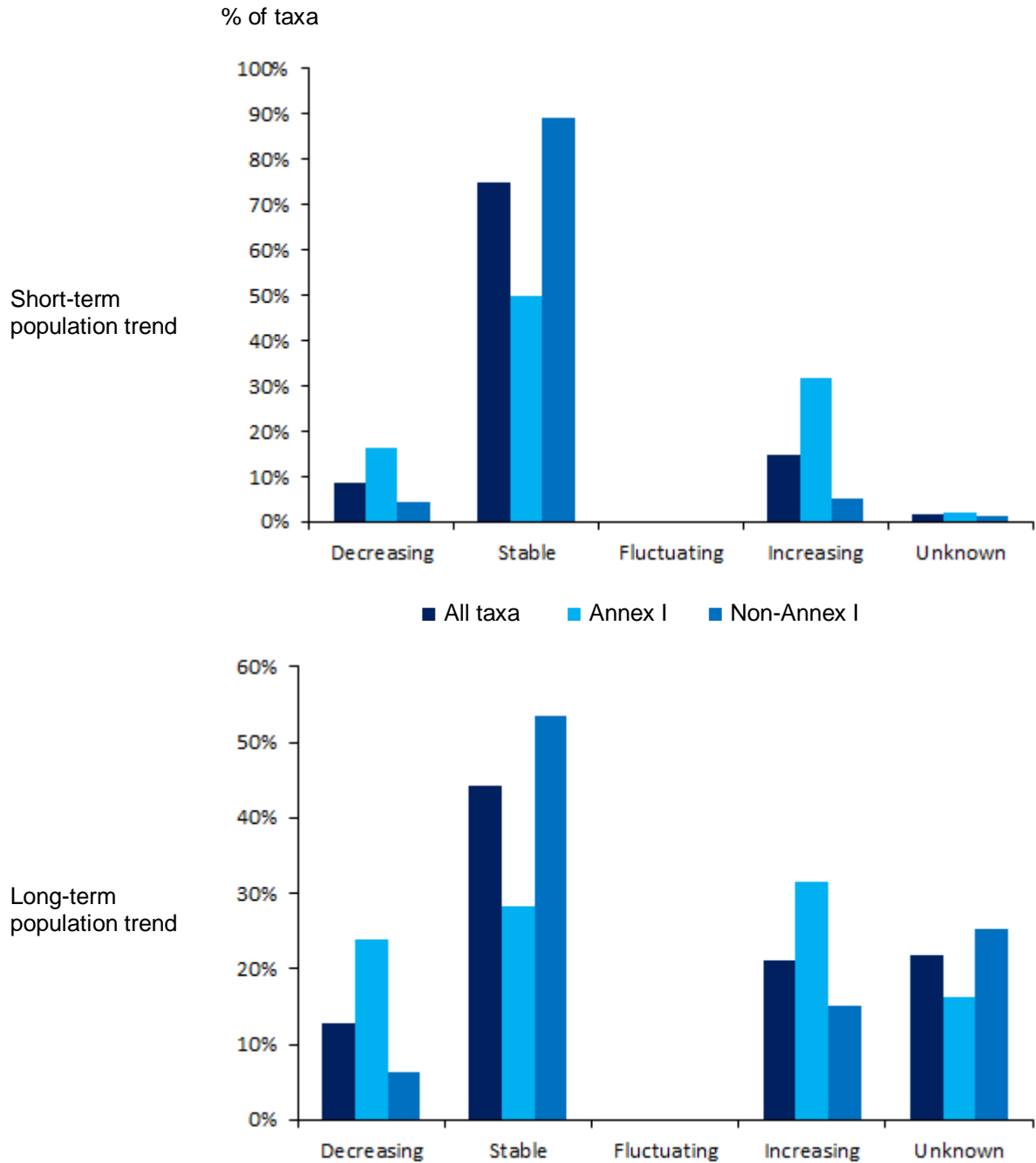
The table shows the numbers of taxa reported as having decreasing, stable, fluctuating, increasing or unknown population trends.

Population trend	Breeding taxa		Wintering taxa	
	Short-term	Long-term	Short-term	Long-term
Decreasing	22	32	7	2
Stable	188	111	20	2
Fluctuating				
Increasing	37	53	5	12
Unknown	4	55	31	47

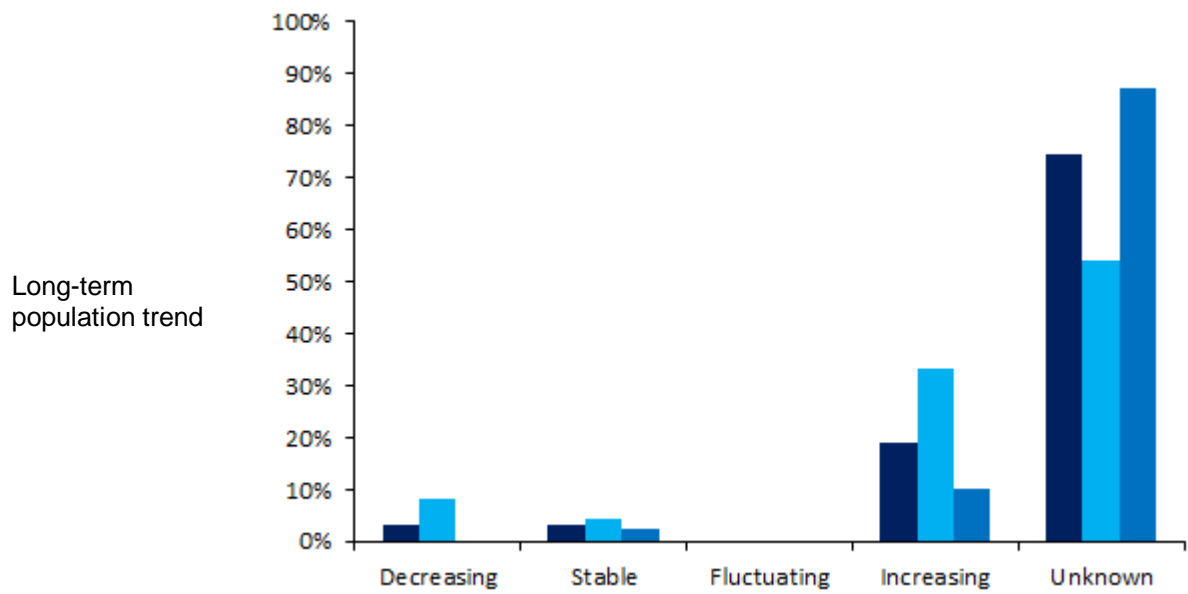
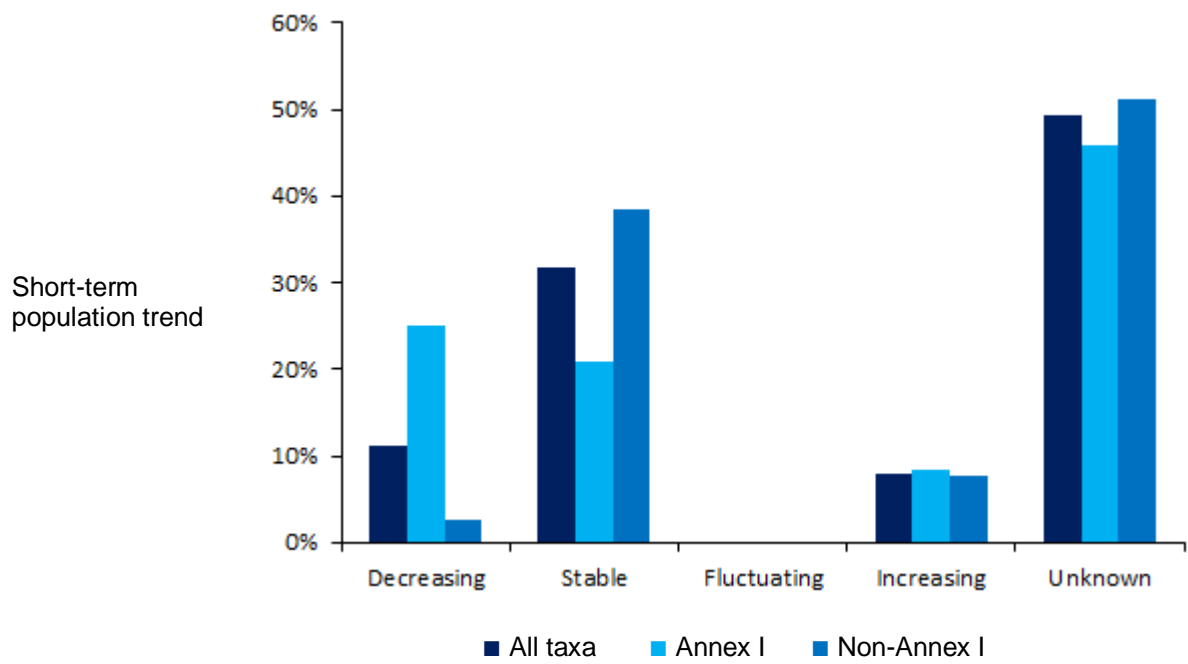
3.2 Comparison of population trends for subsets of taxa

The graphs show the percentages of taxa (all, Annex I and non-Annex I) within the different trend categories (see section 3.1). Both short- and long-term population trends are included. The graphs show results separately for breeding and wintering taxa.

Breeding taxa



Wintering tax



The tables show the numbers of taxa (all, Annex I and non-Annex I) within the different trend categories.

Breeding taxa

Population trend	Short-term			Long-term		
	All taxa	Annex I	Non-Annex I	All taxa	Annex I	Non-Annex I
Decreasing	22	15	7	32	22	10
Stable	188	46	142	111	26	85
Fluctuating						
Increasing	37	29	8	53	29	24
Unknown	4	2	2	55	15	40

Wintering taxa

Population trend	Short-term			Long-term		
	All taxa	Annex I	Non-Annex I	All taxa	Annex I	Non-Annex I
Decreasing	7	6	1	2	2	
Stable	20	5	15	2	1	1
Fluctuating						
Increasing	5	2	3	12	8	4
Unknown	31	11	20	47	13	34

3.3 Comparison of short- and long-term population trends

This section provides a comparison of short- and long-term population trends for taxa, highlighting combinations that represent potential improvements (in green) and deteriorations (in red) in their national status. The tables in this section show the numbers of taxa for each combination of short- and long-term trends.

Breeding taxa

Long-term population trend	Short-term population trend					Total
	Decreasing	Stable	Fluctuating	Increasing	Unknown	
Decreasing	6	22		4		32
Stable	6	96		9		111
Fluctuating						
Increasing	7	25		21		53
Unknown	3	45		3	4	55
Total	22	188		37	4	251

Wintering taxa

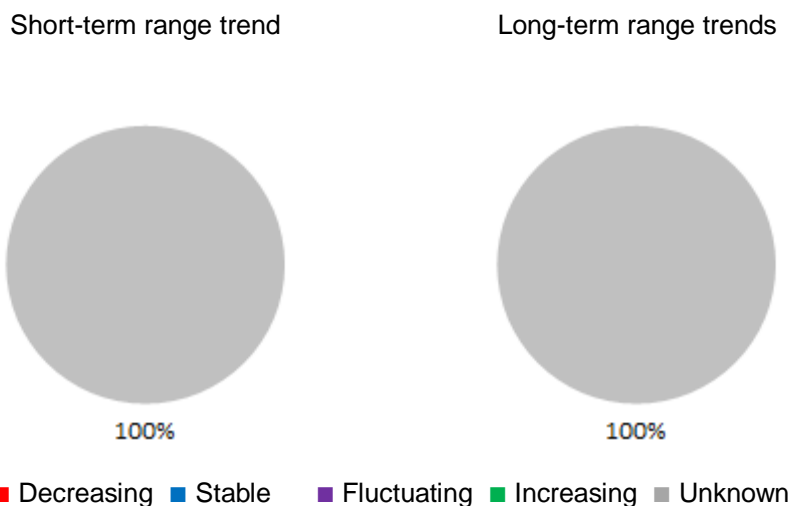
Long-term population trend	Short-term population trend					Total
	Decreasing	Stable	Fluctuating	Increasing	Unknown	
Decreasing	2					2
Stable		2				2
Fluctuating						
Increasing	4	3		2	3	12
Unknown	1	15		3	28	47
Total	7	20		5	31	63

3.4 Breeding range trends

Summary of the direction of short- and long-term range trends for breeding taxa.

The graphs show the percentages of taxa reported as having decreasing, stable, fluctuating, increasing or unknown breeding range trends. Both short- and long-term trends are included.

Note: The trend category 'unknown' includes also taxa on the checklist for which no trend information was provided.

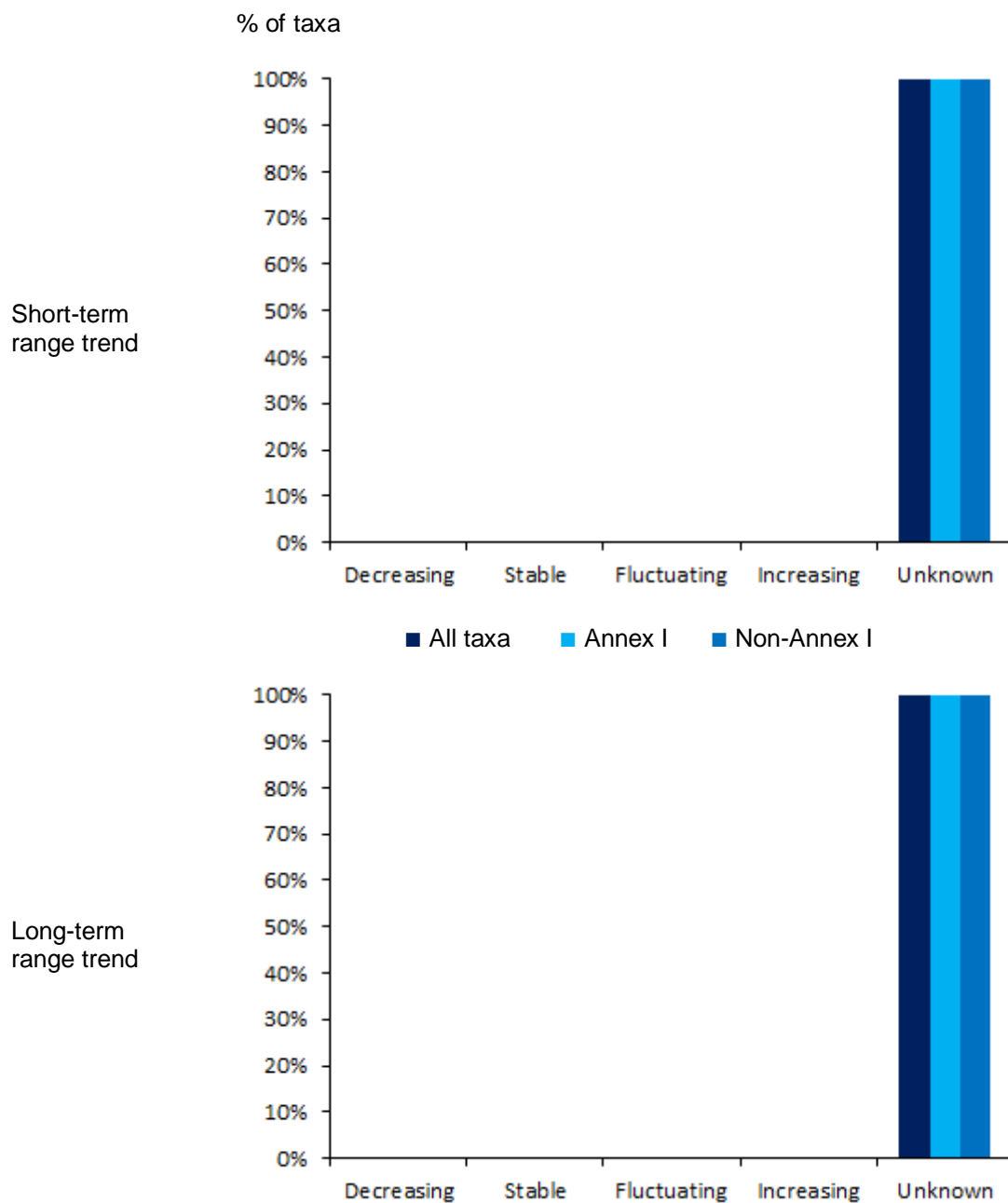


The table shows the numbers of taxa reported as having decreasing, stable, fluctuating, increasing or unknown range trends.

Breeding range trend	Breeding taxa	
	Short-term	Long-term
Decreasing		
Stable		
Fluctuating		
Increasing		
Unknown	251	251

3.5 Comparison of breeding range trends for subsets of taxa

The graphs show the percentages of bird taxa (all, Annex I and non-Annex I) within the different trend categories (see section 3.4). Both short- and long-term population trends are included.



The table shows the numbers of bird taxa (all, Annex I and non-Annex I) within the different trend categories.

Population trend	Short-term			Long-term		
	All taxa	Annex I	Non-Annex I	All taxa	Annex I	Non-Annex I
Decreasing						
Stable						
Fluctuating						
Increasing						
Unknown	251	92	159	251	92	159

3.6 Comparison of short- and long-term range trends

This section provides a comparison of short- and long-term range trends for taxa, highlighting combinations that represent potential improvements (in green) and deteriorations (in red) in national status. The table in this section shows the numbers of taxa for each combination of short- and long-term trends.

Long-term range trend	Short-term range trend					Total
	Decreasing	Stable	Fluctuating	Increasing	Unknown	
Decreasing						
Stable						
Fluctuating						
Increasing						
Unknown					251	251
Total					251	251

4. Implementation of international species plans

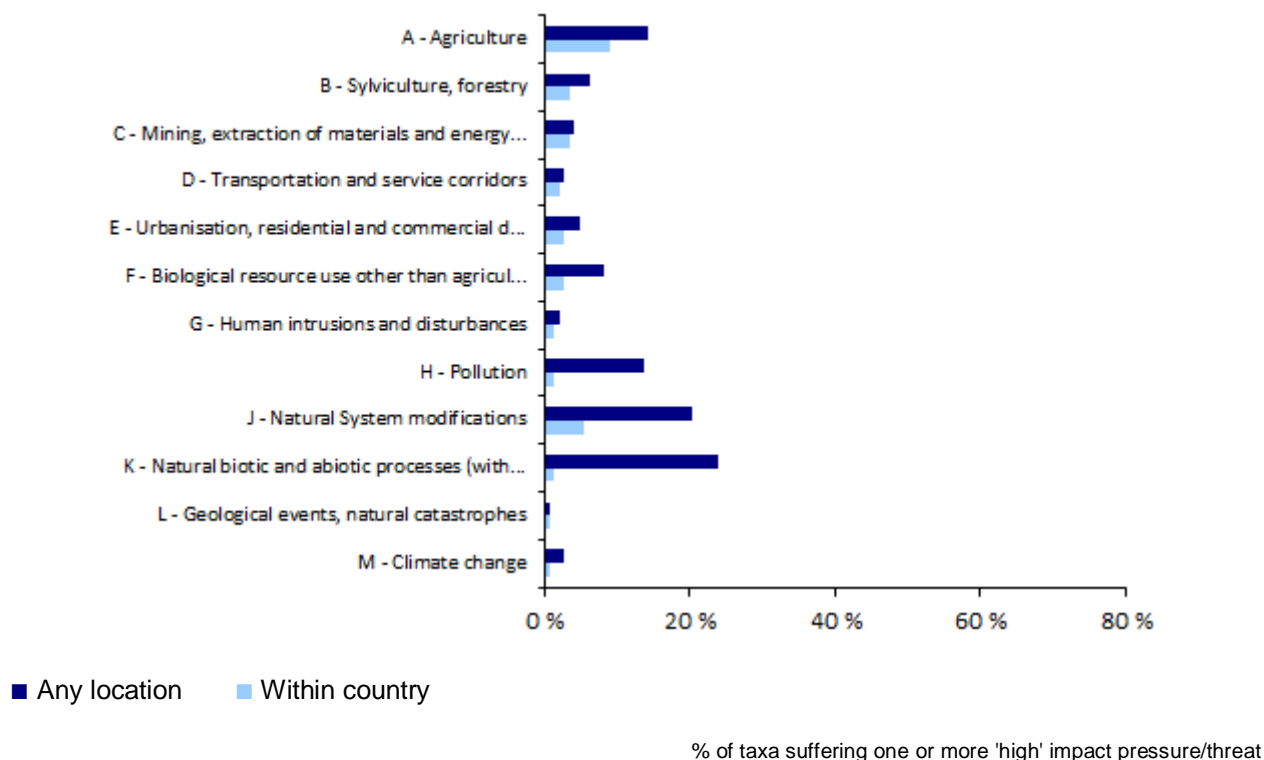
This section provides a summary of national implementation of international Species Action Plans (SAPs), Management Plans (MPs) and Brief Management Statements (BMSs) containing proposed actions in the Member State. The table shows the number of taxa with international plans and the number with national plans adopted.

Type of plan	No. of taxa with international SAP, MP and BMS	No. of taxa with national plan adopted
Species Action Plan (SAP)	36	10
Management Plan (MP)	12	
Brief Management Statement (BMS)		

5. Frequency of main pressures and threats

This section provides a summary of the main pressures/threats reported for taxa triggering SPA classification nationally. Only pressures/threats reported as having 'high' impact are considered in this section (one or more pressures/threats under each of the level 1 categories). For these high-impact pressures/threats a distinction is made in the bar-chart of those pressures/threats reported by the MS as primarily operating inside the Member State, or elsewhere.

Note: The figures under section 5 cover only taxa triggering SPA classifications nationally, i.e. those listed in Annex I, plus a selection of key migratory taxa for which SPAs have been classified, as identified in the species checklist.



Note: Threat/pressure categories not reported are omitted.

Total number of taxa considered in the calculation: **147**

Number of taxa with no high ranking pressure/threat within country (or no pressure/threat reported): **123**

Number of taxa with no high ranking pressure/threat in any location (or no pressure/threat reported): **53**

Pressure and threat categories	Number of taxa for which this threat/pressure was reported as having a 'high' impact
A - Agriculture	21
B - Sylviculture, forestry	9
C - Mining, extraction of materials and energy production	6
D - Transportation and service corridors	4
E - Urbanisation, residential and commercial development	7
F - Biological resource use other than agriculture & forestry	12
G - Human intrusions and disturbances	3
H - Pollution	20
J - Natural System modifications*	30
K - Natural biotic and abiotic processes (without catastrophes)	35
L - Geological events, natural catastrophes	1
M - Climate change	4

*e.g. fire and fire suppression, dredging, water abstractions from surface waters

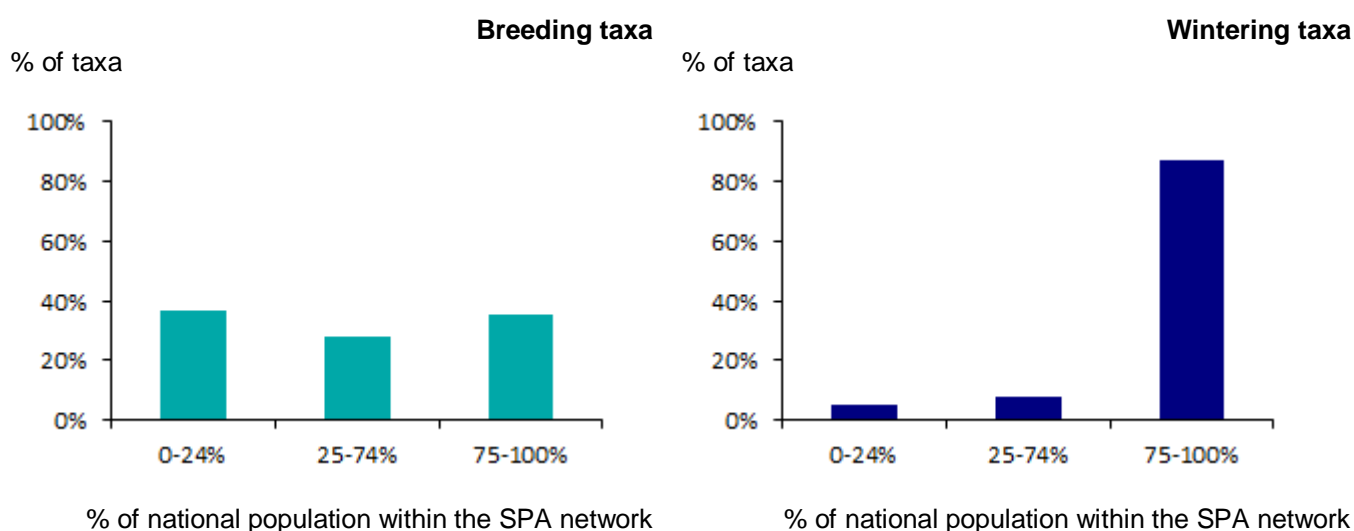
6. SPA coverage and conservation measures

Note: The figures under section 6 cover only taxa listed in Annex I, plus a selection of key migratory taxa for which SPAs have been classified nationally, as identified in the species checklist.

6.1 Coverage of SPA trigger species populations by SPA network

This section provides a summary of the proportions of national populations of SPA trigger taxa occurring within the national SPA network. These graphs (separate graphs for wintering and breeding taxa) show the percentages of reported SPA trigger taxa in three classes based on their coverage by SPAs.

The geometric mean is used if Member States have reported minimum and maximum values. The table below shows the figures on which the calculations are based.

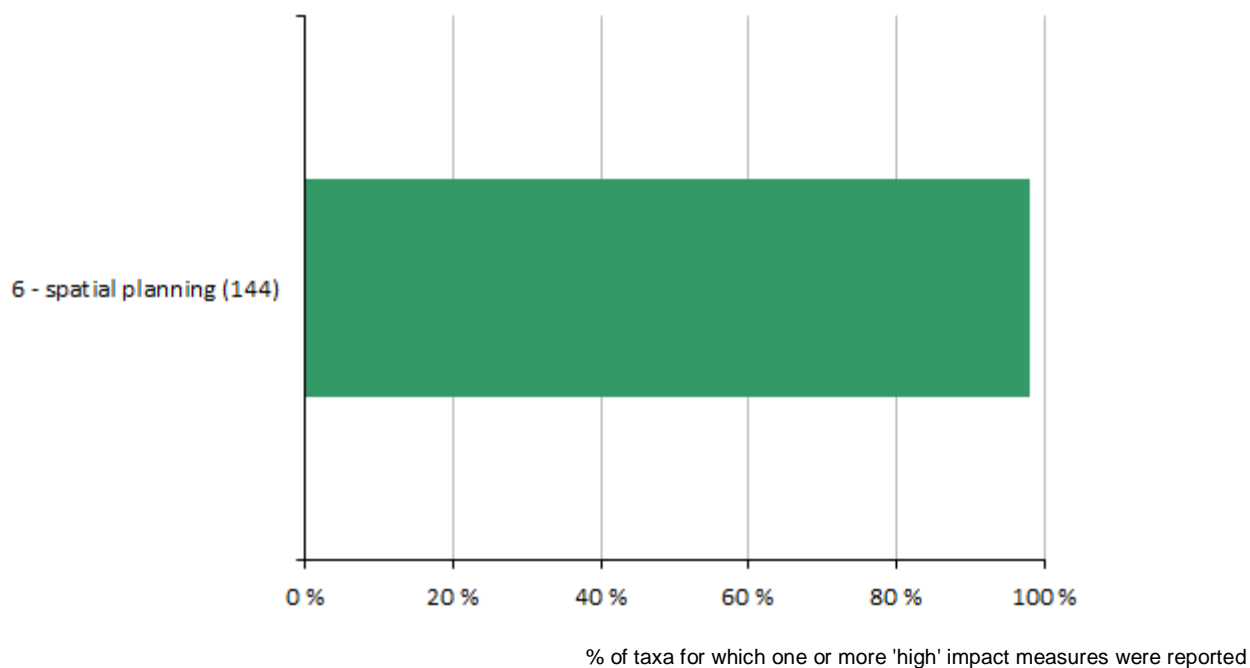


This table shows the number of reported SPA trigger taxa in three classes based on their coverage by SPA sites.

Taxa	Number of taxa				Total
	0-24%	25-74%	75-100%	unknown or not relevant	
Breeding taxa	24	18	23	13	78
Wintering taxa	2	3	33	4	42

6.2 Main conservation measures

This section provides information on the relative importance of conservation measures at level 1 implemented during the reporting period for SPA trigger taxa. The graph shows the percentages of taxa for which one or more 'high' importance conservation measure was implemented.



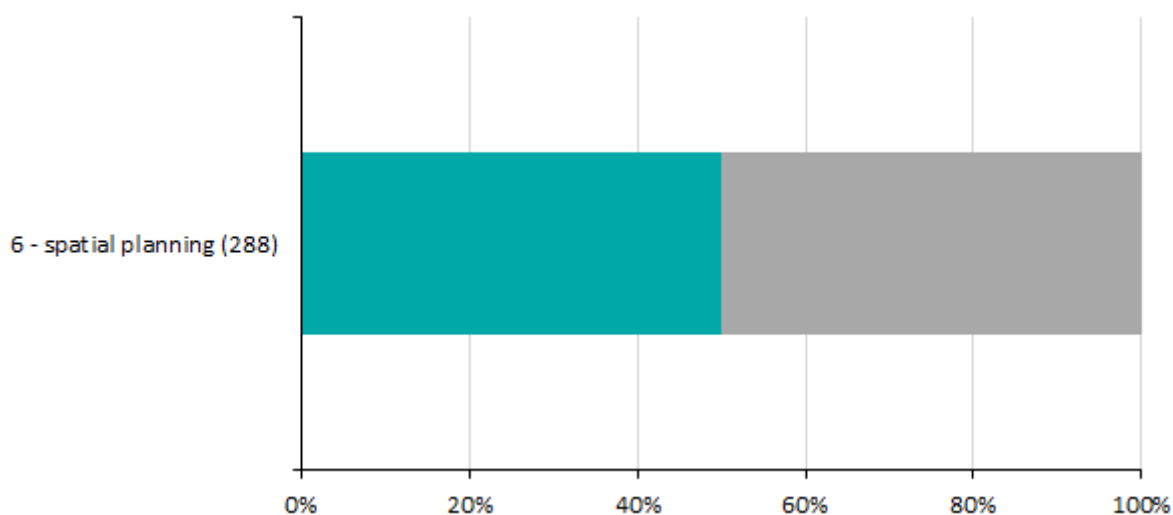
Note: Numbers in brackets correspond to the numbers of reports where measure 1, 2, etc. is noted as being of high importance. Measures not reported are omitted.

Total number of assessments considered in the calculation: **147**

Number of assessments with no high ranking conservation measures or no conservation measures at all reported: **3**

6.3 Impact of conservation measures

This section provides information on effects of implemented conservation measures for each level 1 measure category. The figure shows, for each level 1 measure category, the frequency of reported effects. The table below shows the figures on which the calculations are based (full names of the measures are shown in the table).



% of bird taxa for which a particular effect of a 'high' impact measure was reported

■ maintain ■ enhance ■ longterm ■ no effect ■ unknown or not evaluated

Note: The numbers in brackets correspond to the total number of reported effects for all 'high' importance measures.

Measure	Number of reports				
	maintain	enhance	longterm	no effect	unknown or not evaluated
6 - Measures related to spatial planning	144		144		

The following categories were used by the Member States to show effects of implemented conservation measures:

- a) Maintain – when the conservation measure is required to maintain the population size on the present level and/or to prevent any declining trend.
- b) Enhance – when the conservation measure is required to increase the population size from a currently low level and/or to prevent a further declining trend – alone or in conjunction with other measures.
- c) Long-term – measure without short-term effect – one reporting cycle or less – but long-term positive effect in terms of increase of population size and/or turning a declining trend is expected.
- d) No effect – measure without effect or that needs adaptation and that is not delivering any conservation benefit; measure failed in achieving its objectives or had adverse effects.
- e) Unknown effect.
- f) Not evaluated - if the effect of the measure has not been evaluated.

7. Data quality and completeness

7.1 Mandatory information missing or reported as unknown (%)

The aim of this section is to provide an overview of the data gaps in the report; most of these gaps are due to insufficient knowledge. This section does not refer to potential errors or technical problems in the Member State's report and concentrates on what is relevant for evaluating data completeness.

The tables give the percentages of bird taxa with unknown or missing information for components of bird status.

Note: The statistics on missing and unknown information may also include missing and unknown information for recent coloniser, species which are on verge of extinction or species with marginal population in the national territory for which certain fields in the reporting format may not be relevant and therefore corresponding information was not reported.

7.1 a) Mandatory information missing (%)

Population (breeding)	Size	0
	Trend (short)	0
	Trend (long)	0
Population (winter)	Size	0
	Trend (short)	0
	Trend (long)	0
Range (breeding)	Area	0
	Trend (short)	0
	Trend (long)	0
Pressures & threats		0
SPA network	Coverage	0
	Measures	0
Maps		0

7.1. b) Mandatory information reported as unknown (%)

Table as above.

Population (breeding)	Size	0.4
	Trend (short)	1.6
	Trend (long)	21.9
Population (winter)	Size	6.5
	Trend (short)	48.4
	Trend (long)	74.2
Range (breeding)	Area	2
	Trend (short)	100
	Trend (long)	100
Pressures & threats		0
SPA network	Coverage	14
	Measures	0
Maps		2

7.2 Data quality reported for key population and range parameters (%)

This section presents statistics on the data quality reported by Member States for key parameters of bird status.

Data quality	Breeding population			Breeding range			Wintering population		
	Size	Trend (short)	Trend (long)	Area	Trend (short)	Trend (long)	Size	Trend (short)	Trend (long)
Good (%)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Moderate (%)	95	98	78	98	0	0	90	51	25
Poor (%)	4	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
No data (%)	0	1	22	2	100	100	8	49	75

Source of information:

[Link to the national general report on CDR](#)

[Link to the national report for birds on CDR](#)

8. Bird species/subspecific populations reported

This section provides the list of bird taxa reported by the Member State, and the population size and short-term population trend direction ('+' increasing, '-' decreasing, '0' stable, 'F' fluctuating, 'x' unknown) for breeding and wintering taxa (the order of species follows the alphabetical order). For SPA trigger taxa occurring on passage an indication of presence or the size of the population is also provided.

For breeding taxa, population size is reported as number of breeding pairs, with just a few exceptions (which are indicated in the table), whereas population sizes for all wintering and passage taxa are in individuals.

Taxa listed on Annex I of the Directive are identified with a 'Y' in the 'Annex I' column. If the Member State reported on non-native taxa (other than for the three taxa listed in Annex II of the Birds Directive) the summary on these taxa is given in a separate table.

Code	Species/subspecific population	Annex I	Breeding	Wintering	Passage
A402	<i>Accipiter brevipes</i>	Y	1000-2000 (0)		
A619	<i>Accipiter gentilis gentilis</i>	N	1000-1200 (0)		
A633	<i>Accipiter nisus nisus</i>	N	1000-3000 (0)		
A298	<i>Acrocephalus arundinaceus</i>	N	50000-100000 (0)		
A293	<i>Acrocephalus melanopogon</i>	Y	50-200 (0)		
A296	<i>Acrocephalus palustris</i>	N	200-2000 (0)		
A295	<i>Acrocephalus schoenobaenus</i>	N	500-1000 (0)		
A297	<i>Acrocephalus scirpaceus</i>	N	50000-100000 (0)		
A168	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>	N	50-100 (0)		
A324	<i>Aegithalos caudatus</i>	N	20000-50000 (0)		
A223	<i>Aegolius funereus</i>	Y	10-100 (0)		
A079	<i>Aegypius monachus</i>	Y	18-35 (+)		
A247	<i>Alauda arvensis</i>	N	2000-5000 (0)		
A229	<i>Alcedo atthis</i>	Y	100-300 (0)		
A411	<i>Alectoris chukar</i>	N	10000 (0)		
A465	<i>Alectoris graeca graeca</i>	Y ^a	109338-133980 (0)		
A054	<i>Anas acuta</i>	N		21685-33581 (0)	
A056	<i>Anas clypeata</i>	N	28-87 (0)	20239-22266 (0)	
A704	<i>Anas crecca crecca</i>	N		89600-124290 (0)	
A050	<i>Anas penelope</i>	N		55681-148640 (+)	
A705	<i>Anas platyrhynchos platyrhynchos</i>	N	100-1000 (0)	52506-53621 (0)	
A055	<i>Anas querquedula</i> [Western Siberia & Europe/West Africa]	N	31-73 (0)		
A703	<i>Anas strepera strepera</i>	N	10-20 (0)	1424-3098 (+)	
A394	<i>Anser albifrons albifrons</i>	N		3300-9900 (+)	
A043	<i>Anser anser</i>	N	12-15 (-)	-192 (0)	
A042	<i>Anser erythropus</i>	Y		4-75 (0)	P
A702	<i>Anser fabalis rossicus</i> [West & Central Siberia/NE & SW Europe]	N		(x)	
A255	<i>Anthus campestris</i>	Y	5000-20000 (0)		
A259	<i>Anthus spinoletta</i>	N	200-500 (0)		
A256	<i>Anthus trivialis</i>	N	400-800 (0)		
A226	<i>Apus apus</i>	N	50000-70000 (0)		
A227	<i>Apus pallidus</i>	N	1000-3000 (0)		
A091	<i>Aquila chrysaetos</i>	Y	100-150 (0)		

Code	Species/subspecific population	Annex I	Breeding	Wintering	Passage
A090	<i>Aquila clanga</i>	Y		70-80 (x)	
A707	<i>Aquila fasciatus</i>	Y ^b	89-114 (+)		
A404	<i>Aquila heliaca</i>	Y	-1 (x)	6-10 (x)	
A089	<i>Aquila pomarina</i>	Y	67-90 (0)		
A699	<i>Ardea cinerea cinerea</i>	N	1151-1200 (+)		
A634-B	<i>Ardea purpurea purpurea</i> [East Europe, Black Sea & Mediterranean/Sub-Saharan Africa]	Y ^a	40-60 (-)		
A635	<i>Ardeola ralloides ralloides</i>	Y ^a	450-500 (-)		
A222	<i>Asio flammeus</i>	Y	-10 (x)		
A221	<i>Asio otus</i>	N	2000-5000 (0)		
A218	<i>Athene noctua</i>	N	5000-15000 (0)		
A059	<i>Aythya ferina</i>	N	0-20 (0)	37000-50000 (x)	
A061	<i>Aythya fuligula</i>	N		10300-11600 (x)	
A060-B	<i>Aythya nyroca</i> [Eastern Europe/E Mediterranean & Sahelian Africa]	Y	130-250 (0)	178-383 (x)	P
A104	<i>Bonasa bonasia</i>	Y	100-200 (0)		
A688-B	<i>Botaurus stellaris stellaris</i> [C & E Europe, Black Sea & E Mediterranean (bre)]	Y ^a	500-550 cmales (+)		
A396	<i>Branta ruficollis</i> [Northern Siberia/Black Sea & Caspian]	Y		238 (-)	
A215	<i>Bubo bubo</i>	Y	200-500 (0)		
A696	<i>Bubulcus ibis ibis</i>	N	1 (x)		
A067	<i>Bucephala clangula</i>	N		-187 (x)	
A133	<i>Burhinus oedicnemus</i>	Y	600-900 (+)		
A087	<i>Buteo buteo</i>	N	3000-5000 (0)		
A403	<i>Buteo rufinus</i>	Y	200-300 (0)		
A243	<i>Calandrella brachydactyla</i>	Y	20000-40000 (+)		
A672	<i>Calidris alpina alpina</i> [NE Europe & NW Siberia/W Europe & NW Africa]	N		18931-22820 (x)	
A147	<i>Calidris ferruginea</i>	N			P
A145	<i>Calidris minuta</i>	N		800-4600 (0)	P
A010	<i>Calonectris diomedea</i>	Y	5000-11000 (+)		
A224	<i>Caprimulgus europaeus</i>	Y	10000-30000 cmales (0)		
A366	<i>Carduelis cannabina</i>	N	50000-100000 (0)		
A364	<i>Carduelis carduelis</i>	N	100000-500000 (0)		
A745	<i>Carduelis chloris</i>	N	50000-200000 (0)		
A365	<i>Carduelis spinus</i>	N	500-2000 (0)		
A698	<i>Casmerodius albus albus</i> [W, C & SE Europe/Black Sea & Mediterranean]	Y ^{ba}	31-42 (+)	1000-2000 (-)	
A637	<i>Certhia brachydactyla</i> all others	N	30000-100000 (0)		
A334	<i>Certhia familiaris</i>	N	2000-5000 (0)		
A288	<i>Cettia cetti</i>	N	50000-200000 (0)		
A682-B	<i>Charadrius alexandrinus alexandrinus</i> [Black Sea & East Mediterranean/Eastern Sahel]	Y ^a	1000-2000 (0)	1650-3500 (0)	P
A726	<i>Charadrius dubius curonicus</i> [Europe & North-west Africa/West Africa]	N	3000-5000 (0)		
A734	<i>Chlidonias hybrida</i>	Y	5-10 (-)		
A197	<i>Chlidonias niger</i>	Y	20 (-)		
A667-B	<i>Ciconia ciconia ciconia</i> [Central & Eastern Europe/Sub-Saharan Africa]	Y ^a	2000-2500 (-)		P
A030-B	<i>Ciconia nigra</i> [Central & Eastern Europe/Sub-Saharan Africa]	Y	30-50 (+)		
A264	<i>Cinclus cinclus</i>	N	500-2000 (0)		

Code	Species/subspecific population	Annex I	Breeding	Wintering	Passage
A080	<i>Circaetus gallicus</i>	Y	300-500 (0)		
A081	<i>Circus aeruginosus</i>	Y	50-80 b females (0)		
A082	<i>Circus cyaneus</i>	Y		276-416 (x)	
A084	<i>Circus pygargus</i>	Y	10-30 b females (+)		
A289	<i>Cisticola juncidis</i>	N	10000-20000 (0)		
A211	<i>Clamator glandarius</i>	N	10-20 (0)		
A373	<i>Coccothraustes coccothraustes</i>	N	5000-20000 (0)		
A206	<i>Columba livia</i> [livia and domestica]	N	10000-30000 (0)		
A207	<i>Columba oenas</i>	N	1000-1500 (0)		
A687	<i>Columba palumbus palumbus</i>	N	5000-8000 (0)	6200000-9400000 (0)	
A231	<i>Coracias garrulus</i>	Y	200-400 (+)		
A350	<i>Corvus corax</i>	N	5000-10000 (0)		
A742	<i>Corvus corone cornix</i>	N	50000-100000 (0)		
A348	<i>Corvus frugilegus</i>	N	500-2000 (0)		
A347	<i>Corvus monedula</i>	N	100000-200000 (0)		
A113	<i>Coturnix coturnix</i>	N	2000-5000 c males (0)		
A212	<i>Cuculus canorus</i>	N	5000-10000 c males (0)		
A037	<i>Cygnus columbianus bewickii</i> [Western Siberia & NE Europe/North-west Europe]	Y		750 (x)	
A038-C	<i>Cygnus cygnus</i> [N Europe & W Siberia/Black Sea & E Mediterranean]	Y		500 (x)	
A036	<i>Cygnus olor</i>	N	50 (-)	-3239 (x)	
A738	<i>Delichon urbicum</i>	N	50000-200000 (0)		
A239	<i>Dendrocopos leucotos</i>	Y	500-2000 (0)		
A658	<i>Dendrocopos major</i> all others	N	1000-2000 (0)		
A238	<i>Dendrocopos medius</i>	Y	10000-30000 (0)		
A240	<i>Dendrocopos minor</i>	N	500-1000 (0)		
A429	<i>Dendrocopos syriacus</i>	Y	10000-25000 (+)		
A236	<i>Dryocopus martius</i>	Y	1000-2000 (0)		
A697	<i>Egretta garzetta garzetta</i>	Y ^a	1690-2006 (+)		P
A447	<i>Emberiza caesia</i>	Y	5000-20000 (0)		
A378	<i>Emberiza cia</i>	N	5000-20000 (-)		
A446	<i>Emberiza cineracea</i>	Y	80-205 (-)		
A377	<i>Emberiza cirius</i>	N	50000-200000 (0)		
A376	<i>Emberiza citrinella</i>	N	2000-5000 (0)		
A379	<i>Emberiza hortulana</i>	Y	20000-50000 (0)		
A382	<i>Emberiza melanocephala</i>	N	100000-300000 (+)		
A381	<i>Emberiza schoeniclus</i>	N	300-500 (0)		
A248	<i>Eremophila alpestris</i>	N	500-800 (0)		
A269	<i>Erithacus rubecula</i>	N	50000-100000 (0)		
A739	<i>Erythropygia galactotes</i>	N	1000-3000 (0)		
A101	<i>Falco biarmicus</i>	Y	36-55 (0)		
A511	<i>Falco cherrug</i>	Y		(x)	
A098	<i>Falco columbarius</i>	Y		100-300 (x)	
A100	<i>Falco eleonora</i>	Y	12300 (+)		
A095	<i>Falco naumanni</i>	Y	6800 (+)		P
A709	<i>Falco peregrinus brookei</i>	Y ^a	200-500 (0)		

Code	Species/subspecific population	Annex I	Breeding	Wintering	Passage
A099	Falco subbuteo	N	400-600 (0)		
A096	Falco tinnunculus	N	5000-10000 (0)		
A097	Falco vespertinus	Y			P
A320	Ficedula parva	Y	5-10 (0)		
A442	Ficedula semitorquata	Y	1000-5000 (+)		
A657	Fringilla coelebs all others	N	1000000-3000000 (0)		
A723	Fulica atra atra	N	2000-5000 (0)	140500-202000 (x)	
A244	Galerida cristata	N	50000-150000 (+)		
A721	Gallinula chloropus chloropus [Europe & North Africa]	N	5000-10000 (0)		
A342	Garrulus glandarius	N	20000-50000 (0)		
A689	Gavia arctica arctica [Northern Europe & Western Siberia/Europe]	Y ^a		50-400 (x)	
A625-B	Glareola pratincola pratincola [Black Sea & E Mediterranean/Eastern Sahel zone]	Y ^a	600-800 (-)		P
A076	Gypaetus barbatus	Y	4-6 (+)		
A078	Gyps fulvus	Y	170-200 (0)		
A130	Haematopus ostralegus	N	30-60 (0)	242-324 (x)	
A075	Haliaeetus albicilla	Y	8-10 (+)		
A092	Hieraaetus pennatus	Y	50-100 (0)		
A131	Himantopus himantopus	Y	1000-3000 (0)		P
A439	Hippolais olivetorum	Y	5000-10000 (+)		
A740	Hippolais pallida	N	100000-300000 (+)		
A252	Hirundo daurica	N	10000-50000 (0)		
A737	Hirundo rupestris	N	5000-20000 (0)		
A251	Hirundo rustica	N	50000-200000 (0)		
A695	Hydrobates pelagicus melitensis	Y ^a	10-30 (+)		
A617-B	Ixobrychus minutus minutus [C & E Europe, Black Sea & E Mediterranean/Sub-Saharan Africa]	Y ^a	600-700 (-)		
A233	Jynx torquilla	N	100-200 (0)		
A338	Lanius collurio	Y	10000-25000 (-)		
A339	Lanius minor	Y	2000-3000 (0)		
A433	Lanius nubicus	Y	500-2000 (0)		
A341	Lanius senator	N	10000-30000 (0)		
A181	Larus audouinii [Mediterranean/N & W coasts of Africa]	Y	700-900 (-)		
A459	Larus cachinnans	N	(x)	(x)	
A180	Larus genei	Y	100-130 (+)	1670-4060 (+)	
A176	Larus melanocephalus	Y	650-1950 (-)	450-550 (-)	P
A604	Larus michahellis	N	60000-100000 (+)		
A177	Larus minutus	Y			P
A179	Larus ridibundus	N		58614-60095 (x)	
A614-B	Limosa limosa limosa [Eastern Europe/Central & Eastern Africa]	N			P
A292	Locustella luscinioides	N	500-2000 (0)		
A369	Loxia curvirostra	N	5000-10000 (0)		
A246	Lullula arborea	Y	5000-20000 (0)		
A271	Luscinia megarhynchos	N	100000-200000 (0)		
A685-A	Melanitta fusca fusca [Black Sea & Caspian]	N		13-28 (x)	

Code	Species/subspecific population	Annex I	Breeding	Wintering	Passage
A242	Melanocorypha calandra	Y	3000-5000 (0)		
A767-A	Mergellus albellus [North-east Europe/Black Sea & East Mediterranean]	Y		83 (-)	
A654-B	Mergus merganser merganser [other populations]	N	5-10 (-)	(x)	
A069	Mergus serrator	N		-415 (-)	
A230	Merops apiaster	N	2000-3000 (0)		
A746	Miliaria calandra	N	200000-500000 (0)		
A073	Milvus migrans	Y	5-10 (0)		
A280	Monticola saxatilis	N	10000-20000 (0)		
A281	Monticola solitarius	N	10000-30000 (0)		
A358	Montifringilla nivalis	N	200-300 (0)		
A262	Motacilla alba	N	5000-10000 (0)		
A261	Motacilla cinerea	N	5000-10000 (0)		
A260	Motacilla flava	N	10000-20000 (0)		
A319	Muscicapa striata	N	10000-20000 (0)		
A077	Neophron percnopterus	Y	15-29 (-)		
A058-B	Netta rufina [Black Sea & East Mediterranean]	N	-5 (0)	-23 (x)	
A344	Nucifraga caryocatactes	N	50-100 (0)		
A730	Numenius arquata orientalis [Western Siberia/SW Asia, E & S Africa]	N		2384-4182 (x)	
A159	Numenius tenuirostris [Central Siberia/Mediterranean & SW Asia]	Y		(x)	P
A610-A	Nycticorax nycticorax nycticorax [C & E Europe/Black Sea & E Mediterranean (bre)]	Y ^a	800-1450 (+)		
A278	Oenanthe hispanica	N	50000-150000 (0)		
A435	Oenanthe isabellina	N	50-200 (0)		
A277	Oenanthe oenanthe	N	30000-100000 (0)		
A337	Oriolus oriolus	N	5000-30000 (-)		
A129	Otis tarda	Y		1-3 males (x)	
A214	Otus scops	N	5000-20000 (0)		
A071-B	Oxyura leucocephala [East Mediterranean, Turkey & South-west Asia]	Y		538 (-)	
A323	Panurus biarmicus	N	2000-5000 (0)		
A656	Parus ater all others	N	100000-500000 (0)		
A329	Parus caeruleus	N	500000-1000000 (0)		
A327	Parus cristatus	N	2000-5000 (0)		
A443	Parus lugubris	N	10000-30000 (0)		
A330	Parus major	N	1000000-2000000 (0)		
A326	Parus montanus	N	200-1000 (0)		
A325	Parus palustris	N	2000-10000 (0)		
A620	Passer domesticus	N	200000-1000000 (0)		
A771	Passer hispaniolensis all others	N	50000-300000 (-)		
A356	Passer montanus	N	10000-30000 (0)		
A020	Pelecanus crispus [Black Sea & Mediterranean (win)]	Y	1150-1300 (+)	500-1400 (-)	P
A019	Pelecanus onocrotalus [Europe & Western Asia (bre)]	Y	183-267 (+)		P
A644	Perdix perdix all others	N	2500-4000 (0)		
A072	Pernis apivorus	Y	1000-2000 (0)		
A357	Petronia petronia	N	2000-5000 (0)		
A392	Phalacrocorax aristotelis desmarestii	Y	1100-1283 (+)		

Code	Species/subspecific population	Annex I	Breeding	Wintering	Passage
A391	Phalacrocorax carbo sinensis	N	5600 (+)	-22000 (x)	
A393	Phalacrocorax pygmeus [Black Sea & Mediterranean]	Y	1500-3100 (+)	2460 (0)	P
A115-X	Phasianus colchicus	N	100-200 (0)		
A663-B	Phoenicopterus roseus [East Mediterranean]	Y ^b		5800-11200 (0)	P
A273	Phoenicurus ochruros	N	10000-30000 (0)		
A274	Phoenicurus phoenicurus	N	2000-5000 (0)		
A313	Phylloscopus bonelli	N	10000 (-)		
A315	Phylloscopus collybita	N	20000-50000 (0)		
A314	Phylloscopus sibilatrix	N	500-2000 (0)		
A316	Phylloscopus trochilus	N			P
A343	Pica pica	N	10000-50000 (0)		
A241	Picoides tridactylus	Y	50-100 (0)		
A234	Picus canus	Y	50-200 (0)		
A235	Picus viridis	N	5000-10000 (0)		
A607-B	Platalea leucorodia leucorodia [Cent. & SE Europe/Mediterranean & Tropical Africa]	Y ^a	150-223 (+)		P
A700	Plegadis falcinellus falcinellus [Black Sea & Mediterranean/West Africa]	Y ^a	150-200 (-)		P
A140	Pluvialis apricaria	Y		500-3000 (0)	
A141	Pluvialis squatarola [W Siberia & Canada/W Europe & W Africa]	N		500-1000 (0)	
A691	Podiceps cristatus cristatus	N	800-1500 (0)	-13700 (x)	
A665-A	Podiceps grisegena grisegena [North-west Europe (win)]	N		0-9 (x)	
A692	Podiceps nigricollis nigricollis [Europe/South & West Europe & North Africa]	N	0-20 (0)	5300-13900 (x)	
A719	Porzana parva parva [Western Eurasia/Africa]	Y ^a	10-50 cmales (0)		
A119	Porzana porzana [Europe/Africa]	Y	0-10 cmales (0)		
A720	Porzana pusilla intermedia [Europe (bre)]	Y ^a	-10 cmales (0)		
A267	Prunella collaris	N	2000-5000 (0)		
A266	Prunella modularis	N	1000-5000 (0)		
A464	Puffinus yelkouan	Y	4000-7000 (0)		P
A345	Pyrrhocorax graculus	N	2000-10000 (0)		
A346	Pyrrhocorax pyrrhocorax	Y	500-2000 (-)		
A372	Pyrrhula pyrrhula	N	500-2000 (0)		
A718	Rallus aquaticus aquaticus [Europe & North Africa]	N	1000-3000 (0)		
A132-B	Recurvirostra avosetta [South-east Europe, Black Sea & Turkey (bre)]	Y	300-500 (0)	2000-5000 (+)	P
A318	Regulus ignicapillus	N	20000-100000 (0)		
A317	Regulus regulus	N	1000-5000 (0)		
A336	Remiz pendulinus	N	5000-30000 (0)		
A249	Riparia riparia	N	20000 (+)		
A275	Saxicola rubetra	N	500-1000 (0)		
A276	Saxicola torquatus	N	50000-100000 (0)		
A155	Scolopax rusticola [Europe/South & West Europe & North Africa]	N	-10 cmales (0)	2450000-3280000 (0)	
A361	Serinus serinus	N	10000-30000 (0)		
A332	Sitta europaea	N	10000-50000 (0)		
A444	Sitta krueperi	Y	540-660 (+)		
A445	Sitta neumayer	N	10000-30000 (0)		
A631-B	Sterna albifrons albifrons [Black Sea & East Mediterranean (bre)]	Y ^a	1000-2000 (0)		

Code	Species/subspecific population	Annex I	Breeding	Wintering	Passage
A732	<i>Sterna caspia caspia</i>	Y ^a			P
A193	<i>Sterna hirundo</i>	Y	1000-1500 (0)		
A731-B	<i>Sterna nilotica nilotica</i> [Black Sea & East Mediterranean/Eastern Africa]	Y ^a	180-270 (+)		P
A191	<i>Sterna sandvicensis</i>	Y	30-50 (0)		
A209	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>	N	10000-50000 (0)		
A210	<i>Streptopelia turtur</i>	N	10000-30000 (0)		
A219	<i>Strix aluco</i>	N	10000-20000 (0)		
A353	<i>Sturnus roseus</i>	N	-1000 (0)		
A351	<i>Sturnus vulgaris</i>	N	10000-20000 (0)		
A311	<i>Sylvia atricapilla</i>	N	5000-20000 (0)		
A310	<i>Sylvia borin</i>	N	100-1000 (0)		
A770	<i>Sylvia cantillans</i> all others	N	200000-500000 (0)		
A309	<i>Sylvia communis</i>	N	50000-100000 (0)		
A308	<i>Sylvia curruca</i>	N	5000-20000 (0)		
A306	<i>Sylvia hortensis</i>	N	5000-10000 (0)		
A305	<i>Sylvia melanocephala</i>	N	500000-1000000 (0)		
A307	<i>Sylvia nisoria</i>	Y	50-200 (-)		
A440	<i>Sylvia rueppelli</i>	Y	3000-10000 (0)		
A690	<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis ruficollis</i> [Europe & North-west Africa]	N	1500-2000 (0)	4481-5541 (x)	
A228	<i>Tachymarptis melba</i>	N	1000-5000 (0)		
A397-B	<i>Tadorna ferruginea</i> [East Mediterranean & Black Sea/North-east Africa]	Y	60-80 (+)		
A048	<i>Tadorna tadorna</i>	N	120-150 (+)	-4128 (0)	
A659	<i>Tetrao urogallus</i> all others	Y ^a	450-626 cmales (0)		
A333	<i>Tichodroma muraria</i>	N	100-300 (0)		
A166	<i>Tringa glareola</i>	Y			P
A163	<i>Tringa stagnatilis</i>	N			P
A162	<i>Tringa totanus</i>	N	400-800 (0)	2000-5000 (x)	
A676	<i>Troglodytes troglodytes</i> all others	N	50000-100000 (0)		
A286	<i>Turdus iliacus</i>	N		309000-727000 (0)	
A283	<i>Turdus merula</i>	N	800000-2000000 (0)	1760000-3380000 (0)	
A285	<i>Turdus philomelos</i>	N	1000-3000 (0)	20480000-27460000 (0)	
A284	<i>Turdus pilaris</i>	N	10-100 (0)	356500-1950000 (0)	
A282	<i>Turdus torquatus</i>	N	50-100 (0)		
A287	<i>Turdus viscivorus</i>	N	20000-50000 (0)	550000-1130000 (0)	
A213	<i>Tyto alba</i>	N	3000-6000 (0)		
A232	<i>Upupa epops</i>	N	5000-20000 (0)		
A728	<i>Vanellus spinosus</i> [Black Sea & Mediterranean (bre)]	Y ^b	20-50 (0)		
A142	<i>Vanellus vanellus</i> [Europe, W Asia/Europe, N Africa & SW Asia]	N	50-100 (0)		

Note: The abbreviation Y^a is used for taxa (typically subspecies) listed in the Annex I at higher taxonomical level. The code Y^b indicates that the Annex I contains a synonym of the name used in the checklist.