# **National Summary for Article 12**

#### 1. General information

#### 1.1 Number and area of SPAs

The table below provides the total number and total area of sites designated under the Birds Directive (Special Protection Areas, SPAs), terrestrial area of sites and number and area of marine sites (i.e. any site with a marine component).

Empty cells in tables mean that the component requested was not applicable.

All		Terrestrial		Marine	
No.	Area (km²)	Area (km²)	No.	Area (km²)	
154	5747	4154	89	1593	
Date of database used: 31-10-2013					

#### 1.2 Number of SPAs with comprehensive management plans

Number of SPAs for which comprehensive management plans have been adopted: 0

Percentage of the network area covered by comprehensive management plans: 0%

Number of sites for which management plans are under preparation (optional field): not reported

#### 1.3 Research and other work on bird populations

This section provides an indication of whether any of the activities listed in the section 6 of the General report have been carried out during the reporting period (for more details and references see the General report - the link to the report is given after the section 7 of this national summary).

National bird atlas: yes

National bird monitoring overview(s): yes

National bird red list: yes

Other publication(s) of EU-wide interest: no

## 2. Number of bird species/populations

This section provides a summary of the number of bird taxa (species and subspecific populations) for which a species-based report was completed, including a breakdown by season, and by subsets (e.g. Annex I, SPA trigger and non-native species).

Season	All native taxa	Annex I	SPA trigger	Non-native
Breeding	133	20	30	3
Wintering	57	15	47	0
Passage	3	3	3	0
Total	193	38	80	3

**Note:** These statistics are based on the revised checklists. The harmonisation of the codes used for 'presence status' was needed and the summary of changes in comparison to the reported information by the Member State can be consulted through this link: <a href="http://bd.eionet.europa.eu/activities/Reporting Tool/Documents/Art 12 checklist changes">http://bd.eionet.europa.eu/activities/Reporting Tool/Documents/Art 12 checklist changes</a>.

Occasional or vagrant species, and species that went extinct nationally prior to 1980 (i.e. around the time the Birds Directive came into force), if indicated are excluded.

Number of taxa that went extinct nationally after 1980: 1

Number of newly arriving taxa: 1

Number of taxa on checklist for which no reports received: none

## 3. Information on trends

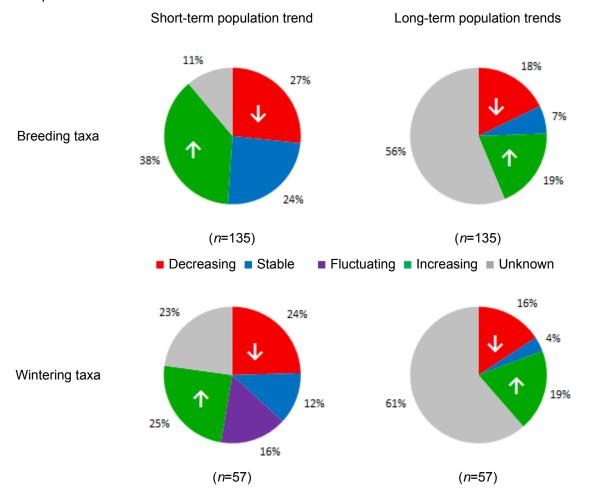
This section provides information about trends of national bird populations.

Note: Article 12 reporting covers only a subset of Wintering taxa occurring in the national territory.

#### 3.1 Population trends

The graphs show the percentages of taxa reported as having decreasing, stable, fluctuating, increasing or unknown population trends. Both short- and long-term population trends are included. The percentages are shown separately for breeding and wintering taxa.

**Note**: The trend category 'unknown' may include also taxa on the checklist for which no trend information was provided.



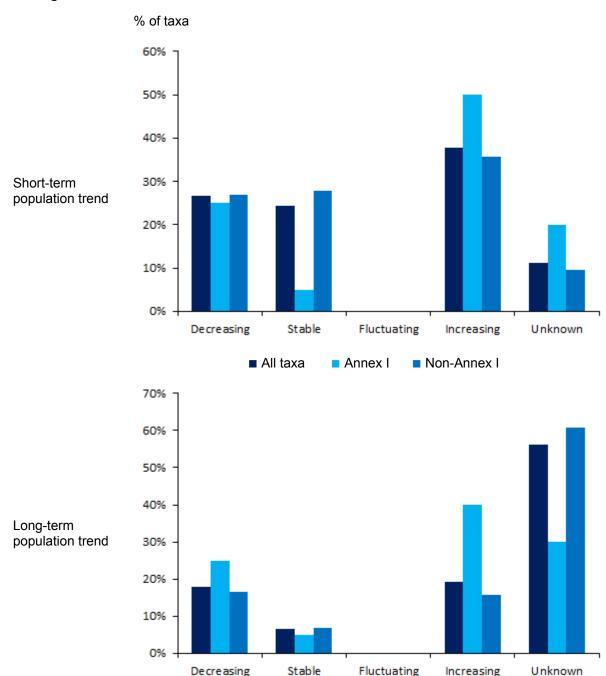
The table shows the numbers of taxa reported as having decreasing, stable, fluctuating, increasing or unknown population trends.

Population trend	Breedi	ng taxa	Wintering taxa		
	Short-term	Short-term Long-term		Long-term	
Decreasing	36	24	14	9	
Stable	33	9	7	2	
Fluctuating			9		
Increasing	51	26	14	11	
Unknown	15	76	13	35	

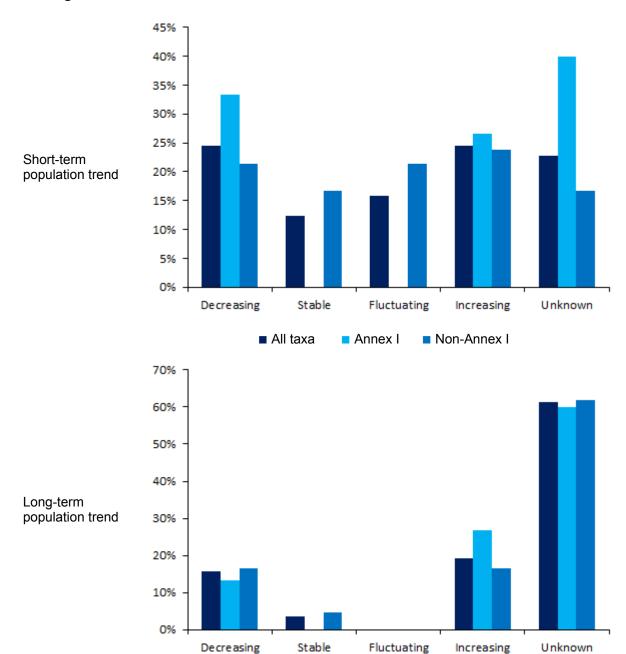
## 3.2 Comparison of population trends for subsets of taxa

The graphs show the percentages of taxa (all, Annex I and non-Annex I) within the different trend categories (see section 3.1). Both short- and long-term population trends are included. The graphs show results separately for breeding and wintering taxa.

#### **Breeding taxa**



# Wintering taxa



The tables show the numbers of taxa (all, Annex I and non-Annex I) within the different trend categories.

# Breeding taxa

Population trend	Short-term			Long-term			
	All taxa	Annex I	Non-Annex I	All taxa	Annex I	Non-Annex I	
Decreasing	36	5	31	24	5	19	
Stable	33	1	32	9	1	8	
Fluctuating							
Increasing	51	10	41	26	8	18	
Unknown	15	4	11	76	6	70	

# Wintering taxa

Population trend	Short-term			Long-term		
	All taxa	Annex I	Non-Annex I	All taxa	Annex I	Non-Annex I
Decreasing	14	5	9	9	2	7
Stable	7		7	2		2
Fluctuating	9		9			
Increasing	14	4	10	11	4	7
Unknown	13	6	7	35	9	26

# 3.3 Comparison of short- and long-term population trends

This section provides a comparison of short- and long-term population trends for taxa, highlighting combinations that represent potential improvements (in green) and deteriorations (in red) in their national status. The tables in this section show the numbers of taxa for each combination of short- and long-term trends.

## **Breeding taxa**

Long-term	Short-term population trend						
population trend	Decreasing	Stable	Fluctuating	Increasing	Unknown	Total	
Decreasing	17	3		4		24	
Stable		7		2		9	
Fluctuating							
Increasing	2	5		18	1	26	
Unknown	17	18		27	14	76	
Total	36	33		51	15	135	

## Wintering taxa

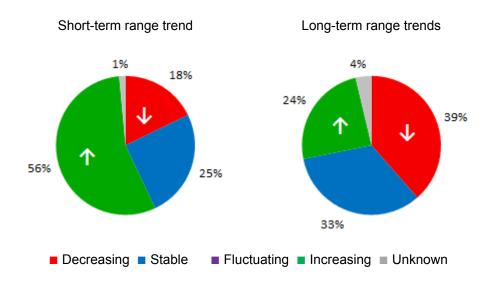
Long-term	Short-term population trend					
population trend	Decreasing	Stable	Fluctuating	Increasing	Unknown	Total
Decreasing	6		1	2		9
Stable		1	1			2
Fluctuating						
Increasing	1	2	1	7		11
Unknown	7	4	6	5	13	35
Total	14	7	9	14	13	57

### 3.4 Breeding range trends

Summary of the direction of short- and long-term range trends for breeding taxa.

The graphs show the percentages of taxa reported as having decreasing, stable, fluctuating, increasing or unknown breeding range trends. Both short- and long-term trends are included.

**Note**: The trend category 'unknown' may include also taxa on the checklist for which no trend information was provided.

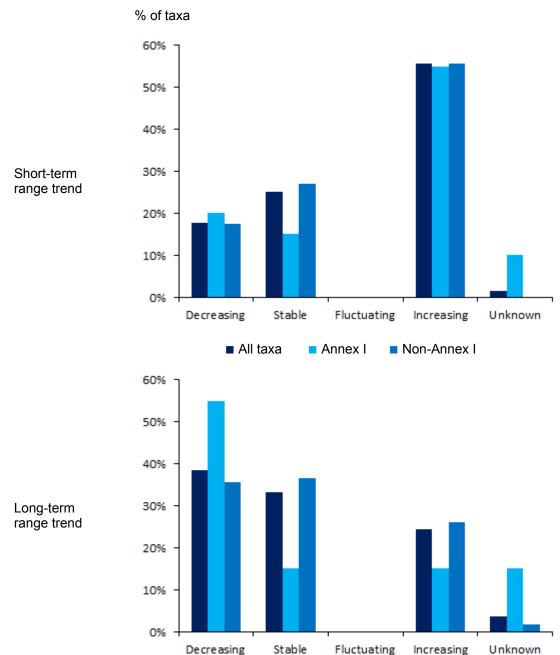


The table shows the numbers of taxa reported as having decreasing, stable, fluctuating, increasing or unknown range trends.

Breeding range trend	Breeding taxa			
	Short-term	Long-term		
Decreasing	24	52		
Stable	34	45		
Fluctuating				
Increasing	75	33		
Unknown	2	5		

### 3.5 Comparison of breeding range trends for subsets of taxa

The graphs show the percentages of bird taxa (all, Annex I and non-Annex I) within the different trend categories (see section 3.4). Both short- and long-term population trends are included.



The table shows the numbers of bird taxa (all, Annex I and non-Annex I) within the different trend categories.

Population trend	Short-term				Long-term	
	All taxa	Annex I	Non-Annex I	All taxa	Annex I	Non-Annex I
Decreasing	24	4	20	52	11	41
Stable	34	3	31	45	3	42
Fluctuating						
Increasing	75	11	64	33	3	30
Unknown	2	2		5	3	2

### 3.6 Comparison of short- and long-term range trends

This section provides a comparison of short- and long-term range trends for taxa, highlighting combinations that represent potential improvements (in green) and deteriorations (in red) in national status. The table in this section shows the numbers of taxa for each combination of short- and long-term trends.

Long-term range	Short-term range trend					
trend	Decreasing	Stable	Fluctuating	Increasing	Unknown	Total
Decreasing	21	12		19		52
Stable		22		23		45
Fluctuating						
Increasing	3			29	1	33
Unknown				4	1	5
Total	24	34		75	2	135

## 4. Implementation of international species plans

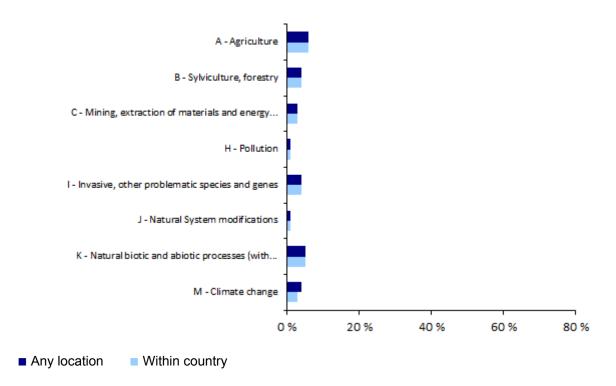
This section provides a summary of national implementation of international Species Action Plans (SAPs), Management Plans (MPs) and Brief Management Statements (BMSs) containing proposed actions in the Member State. The table shows the number of taxa with international plans and the number with national plans adopted.

Type of plan	No. of taxa with international SAP, MP and BMS	No. of taxa with national plan adopted
Species Action Plan (SAP)	7	1
Management Plan (MP)	16	
Brief Management Statement (BMS)		

## 5. Frequency of main pressures and threats

This section provides a summary of the main pressures/threats reported for taxa triggering SPA classification nationally. Only pressures/threats reported as having 'high' impact are considered in this section (one or more pressures/threats under each of the level 1 categories). For these high-impact pressures/threats a distinction is made in the bar-chart of those pressures/threats reported by the MS as primarily operating inside the Member State, or elsewhere.

**Note:** The figures under section 5 cover only taxa triggering SPA classifications nationally, i.e. those listed in Annex I, plus a selection of key migratory taxa for which SPAs have been classified, as identified in the species checklist.



% of taxa suffering one or more 'high' impact pressure/threat

**Note:** Threat/pressure categories not reported are omitted.

Total number of taxa considered in the calculation: 80

Number of taxa with no high ranking pressure/threat within country (or no pressure/threat reported): 71

Number of taxa with no high ranking pressure/threat in any location (or no pressure/threat reported): 70

Pressure and threat categories	Number of taxa for which this threat/pressure was reported as having a 'high' impact
A - Agriculture	5
B - Sylviculture, forestry	3
C - Mining, extraction of materials and energy production	2
H - Pollution	1
I - Invasive, other problematic species and genes	3
J - Natural System modifications*	1
K - Natural biotic and abiotic processes (without catastrophes)	4
M - Climate change	3

<sup>\*</sup>e.g. fire and fire suppression, dredging, water abstractions from surface waters

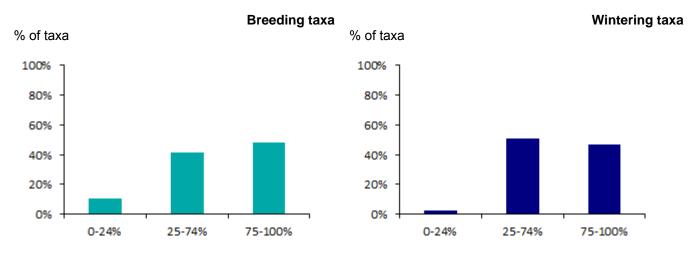
# 6. SPA coverage and conservation measures

**Note:** The figures under section 6 cover only taxa listed in Annex I, plus a selection of key migratory taxa for which SPAs have been classified nationally, as identified in the species checklist.

#### 6.1 Coverage of SPA trigger species populations by SPA network

This section provides a summary of the proportions of national populations of SPA trigger taxa occurring within the national SPA network. These graphs (separate graphs for wintering and breeding taxa) show the percentages of reported SPA trigger taxa in three classes based on their coverage by SPAs.

The geometric mean is used if Member States have reported minimum and maximum values. The table below shows the figures on which the calculations are based.



% of national population within the SPA network

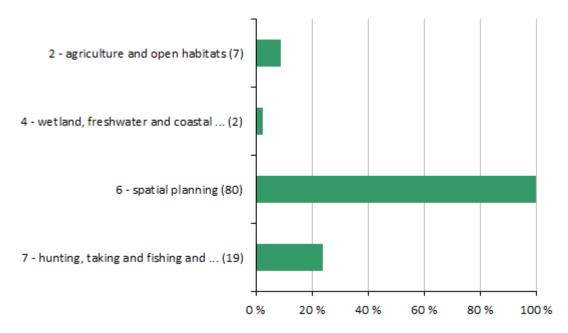
% of national population within the SPA network

This table shows the number of reported SPA trigger taxa in three classes based on their coverage by SPA sites.

Tarra		Tatal			
Таха	0-24%	25-74%	75-100%	unknown or not relevant	Total
Breeding taxa	3	12	14	1	30
Wintering taxa	1	24	22		47

#### 6.2 Main conservation measures

This section provides information on the relative importance of conservation measures at level 1 implemented during the reporting period for SPA trigger taxa. The graph shows the percentages of taxa for which one or more 'high' importance conservation measure was implemented.



% of taxa for which one or more 'high' impact measures were reported

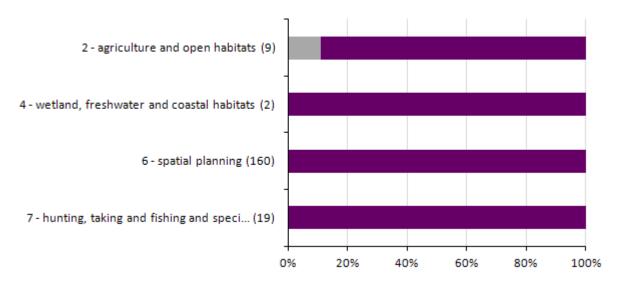
**Note**: Numbers in brackets correspond to the numbers of reports where measure 1, 2, etc. is noted as being of high importance. Measures not reported are omitted.

Total number of assessments considered in the calculation: 80

Number of assessments with no high ranking conservation measures or no conservation measures at all reported: **none** 

#### 6.3 Impact of conservation measures

This section provides information on effects of implemented conservation measures for each level 1 measure category. The figure shows, for each level 1 measure category, the frequency of reported effects. The table below shows the figures on which the calculations are based (full names of the measures are shown in the table).



% of bird taxa for which a particular effect of a 'high' impact measure was reported

■ maintain
■ enhance
■ longterm
■ no effect
■ unknown or not evaluated

**Note**: The numbers in brackets correspond to the total number of reported effects for all 'high' importance measures.

		Number of reports						
Measure	maintain	enhance	longterm		unknown or not evaluated			
2 - Measures related to agriculture and open habitats			1		8			
4 - Measures related to wetland, freshwater and coastal habitats					2			
6 - Measures related to spatial planning					160			
<ul><li>7 - Measures related to hunting, taking and fishing and species management</li></ul>					19			

The following categories were used by the Member States to show effects of implemented conservation measures:

- <u>a) Maintain</u> when the conservation measure is required to maintain the population size on the present level and/or to prevent any declining trend.
- b) Enhance when the conservation measure is required to increase the population size from a currently low level and/or to prevent a further declining trend alone or in conjunction with other measures.
- c) Long-term measure without short-term effect one reporting cycle or less but long-term positive effect in terms of increase of population size and/or turning a declining trend is expected.
- d) No effect measure without effect or that needs adaptation and that is not delivering any conservation benefit; measure failed in achieving its objectives or had adverse effects.
- e) Unknown effect.
- f) Not evaluated if the effect of the measure has not been evaluated.

## 7. Data quality and completeness

### 7.1 Mandatory information missing or reported as unknown (%)

The aim of this section is to provide an overview of the data gaps in the report; most of these gaps are due to insufficient knowledge. This section does not refer to potential errors or technical problems in the Member State's report and concentrates on what is relevant for evaluating data completeness.

The tables give the percentages of bird taxa with unknown or missing information for components of bird status.

**Note**: The statistics on missing and unknown information may also include missing and unknown information for recent coloniser, species which are on verge of extinction or species with marginal population in the national territory for which certain fields in the reporting format may not be relevant and therefore corresponding information was not reported.

## 7.1 a) Mandatory information missing (%)

	Size	0
Population (breeding)	Trend (short)	0.8
	Trend (long)	4.5
	Size	0
Population (winter)	Trend (short)	0
	Trend (long)	0
	Area	0
Range (breeding)	Trend (short)	0.8
	Trend (long)	3
Pressures	s & threats	0
CDA naturale	Coverage	0
SPA network	Measures	0
Ma	0	

### 7.1. b) Mandatory information reported as unknown (%)

	Size	0.8
Population (breeding)	Trend (short)	11
	Trend (long)	53
	Size	0
Population (winter)	Trend (short)	23
	Trend (long)	61
	Area	0
Range (breeding)	Trend (short)	0.8
	Trend (long)	0
Pressures	s & threats	0
SPA network	Coverage	0
SFA HELWOIK	Measures	0
Ma	0	

# 7.2 Data quality reported for key population and range parameters (%)

This section presents statistics on the data quality reported by Member States for key parameters of bird status.

	Breeding population			Breeding range			Wintering population		
Data quality	Size	Trend (short)	Trend (long)	Area	Trend (short)	Trend (long)	Size	Trend (short)	Trend (long)
Good (%)	48	42	2	90	69	76	54	75	9
Moderate (%)	38	37	75	10	27	16	33	25	91
Poor (%)	14	20	19	0	3	4	12	0	0
No data (%)	0	1	4	0	1	4	0	0	0

## Source of information:

Link to the national general report on CDR
Link to the national report for birds on CDR

## 8. Bird species/subspecific populations reported

This section provides the list of bird taxa reported by the Member State, and the population size and short-term population trend direction ('+' increasing, '-' decreasing, '0' stable, 'F' fluctuating, 'x' unknown) for breeding and wintering taxa (the order of species follows the alphabetical order). For SPA trigger taxa occurring on passage an indication of presence or the size of the population is also provided.

For breeding taxa, population size is reported as number of breeding pairs, with just a few exceptions (which are indicated in the table), whereas population sizes for all wintering and passage taxa are in individuals.

Taxa listed on Annex I of the Directive are identified with a 'Y' in the 'Annex I' column. If the Member State reported on non-native taxa (other than for the three taxa listed in Annex II of the Birds Directive) the summary on these taxa is given in a separate table.

Code	Species/subspecific population	Annex I	Breeding	Wintering	Passage
A633	Accipiter nisus nisus	N	9100-14830 i (0)		
A295	Acrocephalus schoenobaenus	N	74630-152670 i (+)		
A297	Acrocephalus scirpaceus	N	65-100 (+)		
A168	Actitis hypoleucos	N	1848 (-)		
A324	Aegithalos caudatus	N	61920-153600 i (0)		
A247	Alauda arvensis	N	218410-430880 i (-)		
A200	Alca torda	N	25525 i (-)		
A229	Alcedo atthis	Υ	368-1031 (-)		
A054	Anas acuta	N	` `	1280 (F)	
A056	Anas clypeata	N	50-100 (+)	2770 (F)	
A704	Anas crecca crecca	N	531-885 (0)	29050 (0)	
A050	Anas penelope	N		56350 (-)	
A705	Anas platyrhynchos platyrhynchos	N	15400 (0)	20050 (F)	
A703	Anas strepera strepera	N	14-23 (+)	560 (+)	
A395	Anser albifrons flavirostris [Greenland/Ireland & UK]	Y		12173 (-)	
A043	Anser anser	N		3430 (-)	
A666	Anthus petrosus	N	10000-19999 (+)	, ,	
A257	Anthus pratensis	N	1090350-1869060 i (-)		
A226	Apus apus	N	25520-130540 i (-)		
A091	Aquila chrysaetos	Υ	1-2 (+)		
A699	Ardea cinerea cinerea	N	3087 (0)	1870 (0)	
A169	Arenaria interpres	N		6080 (F)	
A221	Asio otus	N	1484-2703 (x)		
A059	Aythya ferina	N		8000 (-)	
A061	Aythya fuligula	N	606-808 (0)	20980 (+)	
A062	Aythya marila	N		820 (-)	
A674-A	Branta bernicla hrota [Canada & Greenland/Ireland]	N		25100 (+)	
A044-X	Branta canadensis	N	82- (x)	` ,	
A045-A	Branta leucopsis [East Greenland/Scotland & Ireland]	Υ		12232 (+)	
A067	Bucephala clangula	N		1940 (-)	
A087	Buteo buteo	N	1500 (+)		
A144	Calidris alba	N		5280 (+)	
A149	Calidris alpina [all non-breeding populations]	N		44380 (-)	

Code	Species/subspecific population	Annex I	Breeding	Wintering	Passage
A466-A	Calidris alpina schinzii [Britain & Ireland/SW Europe & NW Africa]	Υ	150 (-)		
A143	Calidris canutus	N		22120 (+)	
A670-B	Calidris maritima maritima [NE Canada & N Greenland (bre)]	N		470 (+)	
A681	Carduelis cabaret	N	149140-394970 i (+)		
A366	Carduelis cannabina	N	306500-619180 i (0)		
A364	Carduelis carduelis	N	551890-989620 i (+)		
A745	Carduelis chloris	N	520480-879350 i (-)		
A367	Carduelis flavirostris	N	54-110 (-)		
A365	Carduelis spinus	N	99999 (+)		
A175	Catharacta skua	N	15 (+)		
A202	Cepphus grylle	N	3367 i (x)		
A334	Certhia familiaris	N	28050-111010 i (x)		
A137	Charadrius hiaticula	N	1045 (0)	9060 (0)	
A264	Cinclus cinclus	N	2030-6090 (+)		
A082	Circus cyaneus	Υ	128-172 bfemales (-)	269-349 (-)	
A064	Clangula hyemalis [Western Siberia/North Europe]	N		40 (x)	
A206	Columba livia [livia and domestica]	N	1000-5000 (0)		
A207	Columba oenas	N	20010-57670 i (-)		
A687	Columba palumbus palumbus	N	1857130-2809470 i (+)		
A350	Corvus corax	N	38030-79940 i (0)		
A742	Corvus corone cornix	N	354460-586520 i (+)		
A348	Corvus frugilegus	N	2220050-4719510 i (-)		
A347	Corvus monedula	N	1628220-3068910 i (+)		
A113	Coturnix coturnix	N	1-20 cmales (0)		
A122	Crex crex [Europe & Western Asia/Sub-Saharan Africa]	Υ	135 cmales (-)		
A212	Cuculus canorus	N	6750-16830 i (0)		
A037	Cygnus columbianus bewickii [Western Siberia & NE Europe/North-west Europe]	Υ		79 (-)	
A038-B	Cygnus cygnus [Iceland/UK & Ireland]	Υ		10520 (+)	
A036	Cygnus olor	N	3560 (0)	7120 (0)	
A738	Delichon urbicum	N	309400-838300 i (+)		
A658	Dendrocopos major all others	N	19-34 (+)		
A697	Egretta garzetta	Y <sup>a</sup>	250-500 (+)	1320 (+)	
A376	Emberiza citrinella	N	143020-290390 i (0)	, ,	
A381	Emberiza schoeniclus	N	128240-240870 i (0)		
A269	Erithacus rubecula	N	4121450-5488570 i (-)		
A098	Falco columbarius	Υ	200-400 (x)		
A708	Falco peregrinus peregrinus	Y <sup>a</sup>	515 (+)		
A096	Falco tinnunculus	N	12100-21220 i (0)		
A204	Fratercula arctica	N	21212 (+)		
A657	Fringilla coelebs all others	N	2767400-3871930 i (+)		
A723	Fulica atra	N	3462 (0)	18270 (+)	
A009	Fulmarus glacialis	N	31930 (0)	,	
A153	Gallinago gallinago	N	4275 (-)		
A721	Gallinula chloropus chloropus [Europe & North Africa]	N	64496 (0)		
A342	Garrulus glandarius	N	5000-14999 (x)		

Code	Species/subspecific population	Annex I	Breeding	Wintering	Passage
A689	Gavia arctica arctica [Northern Europe & Western Siberia/Europe]	Y <sup>a</sup>		18 (x)	
A003	Gavia immer [Europe (win)]	Υ		1310 (-)	
A001-A	Gavia stellata [North-west Europe (win)]	Υ	6 (+)	810 (x)	
A130	Haematopus ostralegus	N	2316-3087 (x)	45480 (0)	
A251	Hirundo rustica	N	4076190-5932420 i (0)		
A694	Hydrobates pelagicus pelagicus	Y <sup>a</sup>	99056 (x)		
A463	Lagopus lagopus hibernicus	N	1708-2116 (-)		
A184	Larus argentatus	N	2319 (-)	9734 (x)	
A182	Larus canus	N	1927 (+)	18415 (x)	
A664	Larus fuscus graellsii [Western Europe/Mediterranean & West Africa]	N	4239 (+)	10363 (x)	
A187	Larus marinus	N	2445 (+)		
A176	Larus melanocephalus	Υ	25 (+)		
A177	Larus minutus	Υ		6 (x)	
A179	Larus ridibundus	N	9318 (+)	50181 (x)	
A157	Limosa lapponica	Υ		11890 (+)	
A616	Limosa limosa islandica [Iceland/Western Europe]	N		18080 (+)	
A290	Locustella naevia	N	12990-31540 i (+)	, ,	
A369	Loxia curvirostra	N	1000-5000 (x)		
A685-B	Melanitta fusca fusca [Western Siberia & Northern Europe/NW Europe]	N	,	40 (x)	
A706	Melanitta nigra nigra [W Siberia & N Europe/W Europe & NW Africa]	N	39 (-)	11410 (F)	
A767-B	Mergellus albellus [North-west & Central Europe (win)]	Υ		2 (x)	
A654-B	Mergus merganser merganser [other populations]	N	0-5 (0)	\ /	
A069	Mergus serrator	N	300-1000 (-)	1550 (F)	
A746	Miliaria calandra	N	0 (0)	\	
A074	Milvus milvus	Υ	17		
A016	Morus bassanus	N	400348 (+)		
A262	Motacilla alba	N	328840-567330 i (0)		
A261	Motacilla cinerea	N	53800-96150 i (-)		
A319	Muscicapa striata	N	23180-53890 i (0)		
A768	Numenius arquata arquata [Europe/Europe, North & West Africa]	N	98 (-)	27830 (-)	
A015	Oceanodroma leucorhoa	Υ	310 (x)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
A277	Oenanthe oenanthe	N	18560-75290 i (-)		
A656	Parus ater all others	N	560550-996620 i (+)		
A329	Parus caeruleus	N	1503720-2273990 i (+)		
A330	Parus major	N	870340-1335580 i (+)		
A620	Passer domesticus	N	1302040-2501830 i (+)		
A356	Passer montanus	N	1500-2500 (+)		
A644	Perdix perdix all others	N	180-200 (+)		
A684	Phalacrocorax aristotelis aristotelis	N	3837 (+)		
A683	Phalacrocorax carbo carbo [North-west Europe]	N	4366 (0)	8720 (F)	
A115-X	Phasianus colchicus	N	221020-350140 i (+)	( )	
A151	Philomachus pugnax	Y	, , , , , ,	17 (x)	
A274	Phoenicurus phoenicurus	N	5-10 (0)	(*)	
A315	Phylloscopus collybita	N	198200-352230 i (+)		
A314	Phylloscopus sibilatrix	N	1-15 (-)		

Code	Species/subspecific population	Annex I	Breeding	Wintering	Passage
A316	Phylloscopus trochilus	N	1064110-1729670 i (+)		
A343	Pica pica	N	478190-741140 i (-)		
A140	Pluvialis apricaria	Υ	134-156 (-)	99870 (-)	
A141	Pluvialis squatarola [W Siberia & Canada/W Europe & W Africa]	N		2850 (-)	
A642-A	Podiceps auritus auritus [North-west Europe (large-billed)]	Y <sup>a</sup>		2 (x)	
A691	Podiceps cristatus cristatus	N	1000-2499 (0)	1560 (F)	
A266	Prunella modularis	N	1198330-1821150 i (0)		
A013	Puffinus puffinus	N	32545 (x)		
A346	Pyrrhocorax pyrrhocorax	Υ	839 (0)		
A372	Pyrrhula pyrrhula	N	343580-570320 i (+)		
A718	Rallus aquaticus aquaticus [Europe & North Africa]	N	980-1961 (x)		
A317	Regulus regulus	N	443590-818300 i (-)		
A249	Riparia riparia	N	144100-1113380 i (+)		
A188	Rissa tridactyla	N	28627 (-)		
A275	Saxicola rubetra	N	150-250 (-)		
A276	Saxicola torquatus	N	72130-161180 i (-)		
A155	Scolopax rusticola [Europe/South & West Europe & North Africa]	N	cmales (0)		
A063	Somateria mollissima	N	160- (x)	470 (+)	
A631-A	Sterna albifrons albifrons [Europe north of Mediterranean (bre)]	Y <sup>a</sup>	438 (+)	- ( /	
A733	Sterna dougallii dougallii [Europe (bre)]	Y <sup>a</sup>	1333 (+)		Р
A193	Sterna hirundo	Υ	4740 (+)		Р
A194	Sterna paradisaea	Υ	3183 (+)		Р
A191	Sterna sandvicensis	Υ	2727 (+)		
A209	Streptopelia decaocto	N	119750-294750 i (+)		
A351	Sturnus vulgaris	N	1473510-2873120 i (-)		
A311	Sylvia atricapilla	N	140060-327170 i (+)		
A310	Sylvia borin	N	50-100 (0)		
A309	Sylvia communis	N	58000-116680 i (+)		
A690	Tachybaptus ruficollis ruficollis [Europe & North-west Africa]	N	3438-6875 (x)	1490 (+)	
A048	Tadorna tadorna	N	958 (+)	7230 (F)	
A161	Tringa erythropus	N	,	7 (x)	
A164	Tringa nebularia	N		890 (0)	
A162	Tringa totanus	N	500 (-)	19400 (0)	
A676	Troglodytes troglodytes all others	N	4545510-6186180 i (0)	(-/	
A283	Turdus merula	N	3743890-5026340 i (+)		
A285	Turdus philomelos	N	704710-1053350 i (-)		
A282	Turdus torquatus	N	14-24 (-)		
A287	Turdus viscivorus	N	144500-254510 i (-)		
A213	Tyto alba	N	400-500 (-)		
A662	Uria aalge albionis	N	142804 i (0)		
A142	Vanellus vanellus [Europe, W Asia/Europe, N Africa & SW Asia]	N	2000 (-)	88580 (-)	

**Note**: The abbreviation  $Y^a$  is used for taxa (typically subspecies) listed in the Annex I at higher taxonomical level. The code  $Y^b$  indicates that the Annex I contains a synonym of the name used in the checklist.

# Non native taxa

Code	Species/subspecific population	Annex I	Breeding
A043-X	Anser anser	N	250-999 (x)