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Issues for the work ahead

CMFB Workshop on the classification of development banks

Frankfurt am Main, 13 November 2018

- 1. Sector classification of public development banks
- 2. Rearranging transactions and classification
- 3. Analytical possibilities
- 4. Summary

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Public development banks: co-existing behaviours?



- Transmission of monetary policy
- Commercial risk taking



- Fiscal policies
- Transfer of economic benefits
- Risk sharing



Services of general economic interest in the financial sector (S.12)

Services of commercial interest in the government sector (S.13)



Explore a definition of public development banks

What is the principal function of a dev. bank?

S.12

Financial intermediation

S.13

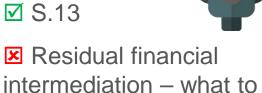
Non-market output



 ✓ Residual nonmarket output: Rearranging transactions is effective Relevant primary and secondary activities – what to do?

50% | 50%

- Rearrange?
- Partitioning?



- do?
 Nothing?
 - Rearrange?
 - Classification S.12?



What is the principal function of a dev. bank?

S.12

S.?

S.13

Financial intermediation

50% | 50%

Non-market production

- Difficult to measure and compare
- Partitioning of the entity (quasicorporation) not always feasible and desirable
- Use of 'indirect' indicators (risks and rewards/business model, operations, management)
- Public captive financial units: dependent vs independent



Explore an ESA 2010 consistent decision criteria that are generally accepted and integrated.

Sector classification of dev. banks

Sector delimitation

Most of the cases straightforward – some need consideration

Robust and guarantees single sector outcome

Counterparty statistics consistency



Need for discussion among all affected statistical compilers to find common solution



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Rearranging of transactions, substantive risks and rewards and retained control



Case A: Rearranging of transactions, substantive risks and rewards and retained control

Specific transactions executed by the dev. bank "intermediation"

- ➤ At the request of gov.? ☑ Yes
- ➤ Funded by government (gov.)? 図No

or

Substantive risks and rewards and retained control with:



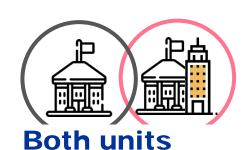
- Gov. recognised as principal party
- Dev. bank like a passthrough tool



Dev. bank

- Gov. records no transaction
- Dev. bank transaction

or



- Gov. rerouting
- Dev. bank transaction

Case B: Rearranging of transactions, substantive risks and rewards and retained control

Specific transactions executed by the dev. bank "intermediation"

- ➤ At the request of gov.? ☑No
- ➤ Funded by government (gov.)? ☑ Yes

Substantive risks and rewards and retained control with:



or

Government

- Gov. recognised as principal party
- Dev. bank records no transactions

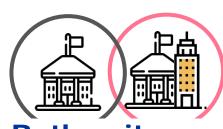


Dev. bank

Gov. records its transactions (financing)

or

• Dev. bank transactions



Both units

- Gov. transactions and rerouting
- Dev. bank transaction

Rearranging of transactions, substantive risks and rewards and retained control

- Substantive risks and rewards and retained control analysis does encompass many particular and isolated circumstances
 - It offers a generic approach

Some inspiration can be found in the IFRS 9 – derecognition of financial instruments



Elaborate guidance on risks and rewards and retained control - establish a de/recognition guidance

Rearranging of transactions and sector classification

- Rerouting of transactions does not impact the classification of dev. bank except:
 - if the dev. bank is a dependent captive financial unit lacking autonomy of decision
- Recognising principal party does not impact the classification of dev. bank except:
 - if there is **no other business left** in the dev. bank (government agent)





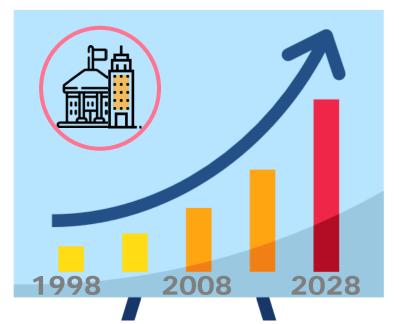


Improve guidance on public captive financial institutions.

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Add analytical value to ESA 2010 breakdowns



Activities of development banks to continue increasing

Use ESA 2010 (1.38) flexibility

 of which accounts for dev. banks in S.12 and S.13

Possibility to extend it for a selection of public credit institutions (typology)



Explore the creation of which accounts for public development banks within S.12 and S.13

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Summary



- 1. Explore a definition of public development banks.
- 2. Explore an ESA 2010 consistent decision criteria that are generally accepted and integrated.
- Elaborate guidance on risks and rewards and retained control - establish a de/recognition guidance.
- 4. Improve guidance on public captive financial institutions.
- 5. Explore the creation of which accounts for public development banks within S.12 and S.13.



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Thank you for your time!

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