# VOLUNTARY GROUNDWATER WATCH LIST CONCEPT & METHODOLOGY

based on final draft 12.3 agreed by WG GW and presented at SCG meeting in November 2018

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# Policy background: Recital 4 of 2014 GWD

The need to obtain and respond to new information on other substances posing a potential risk should be acknowledged. Therefore, a watch list for pollutants of groundwater should be established under the Common Implementation Strategy for Directive 2000/60/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council (2) to increase the availability of monitoring data on substances posing a risk or potential risk to bodies of groundwater, and thereby facilitate the identification of substances, including emerging pollutants, for which groundwater quality standards or threshold values should be set.

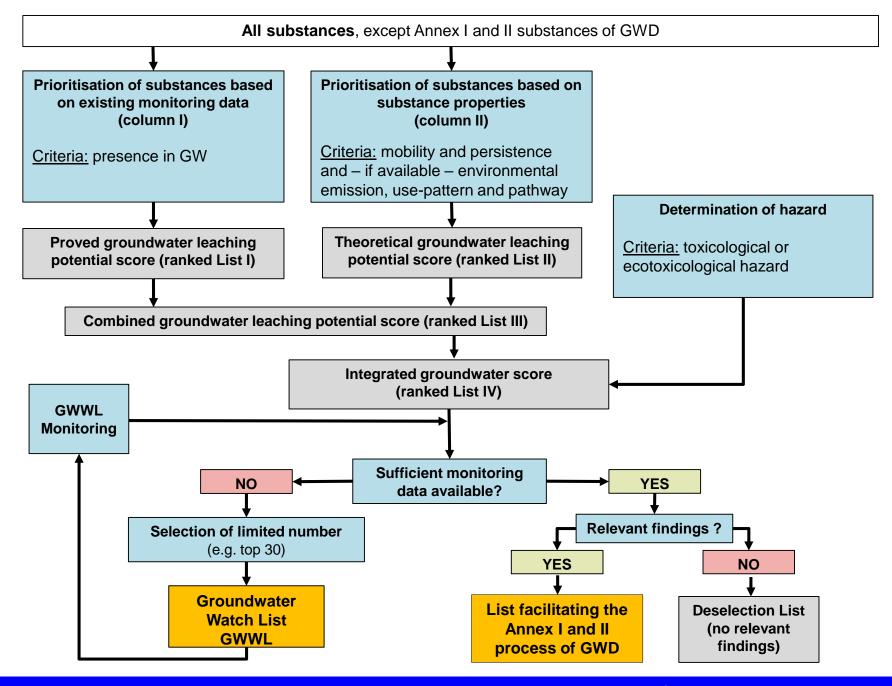
The Groundwater Watch List process is a voluntary activity!

# What is the purpose of a Watch List Process?

- Identify new / emerging pollutants based on new information - which have the potential to cause a failure of a WFD environmental objective
  - improved analytical and monitoring methods
  - generate new knowledge about substance properties
- Support review of WFD/GWD create a List facilitating Annex I/II review process of GWD
- Support MS selecting pollutants which should be monitored - share information on (monitoring) data of (potential) pollutants

### **Activities to create the Watch List Concept and Methodology:**

- Watch list process launched by WG GW (Brussels)
   April 2015
- Meeting group of volunteers (Berne)  $\rightarrow$  1<sup>st</sup> draft 8./9.9.2015 ✓
- Presentation at SCG and Approval
   9./10.11.2015
- 1<sup>st</sup> pilot study on Pharmaceuticals
   2016
- Meeting group of volunteers (Vienna)
   23./24.06.2016√
- 2<sup>nd</sup> pilot study on PFAS 2017✓
- Meeting group of volunteers (Paris)
   28.02.-01.03.2017√
- Meeting group of volunteers (Paris)
   August 2018
- Finalisation of GWWL methodology
   October 2018
- Approval of GWWL Concept and Methodology (Vienna)
   October 2018
- Presentation at SCG
   November 2018
- To do next steps:
- Launch of the watch list process
- Support to EC review of Annexes I and II of GWD
   2019



Meeting of the CIS Working Group Chemicals - Brussels - 09th January 2019

#### All substances, except Annex I and II substances of GWD

# Prioritisation of substances based on existing monitoring data (column I)

Criteria: presence in GW

Proved groundwater leaching potential score (ranked List I)

(Score N°PC) + (Score %° sites)] / 2

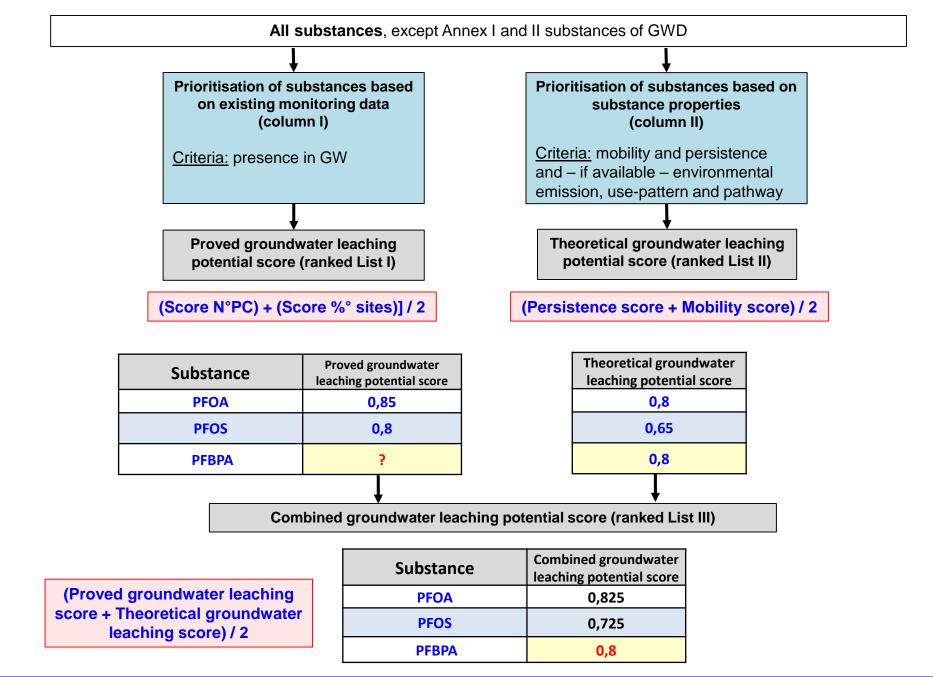
Substance	No of PC	score
PFOA	10	1
PFOS	10	1
PFBPA	n.a.	?

Substance	% of sites	score
PFOA	27,0	0,7
PFOS	22,8	0,6
PFBPA	n.a.	?

Indicators	Sub-score : N PC
A) Number of countries with concentrations > LOQ (Score N°PC)	(Values between 0 and 1) no country = 0 1 country = 0.2 2 countries = 0.4 3 countries = 0.6 4 countries = 0.8 5 or more countries = 1

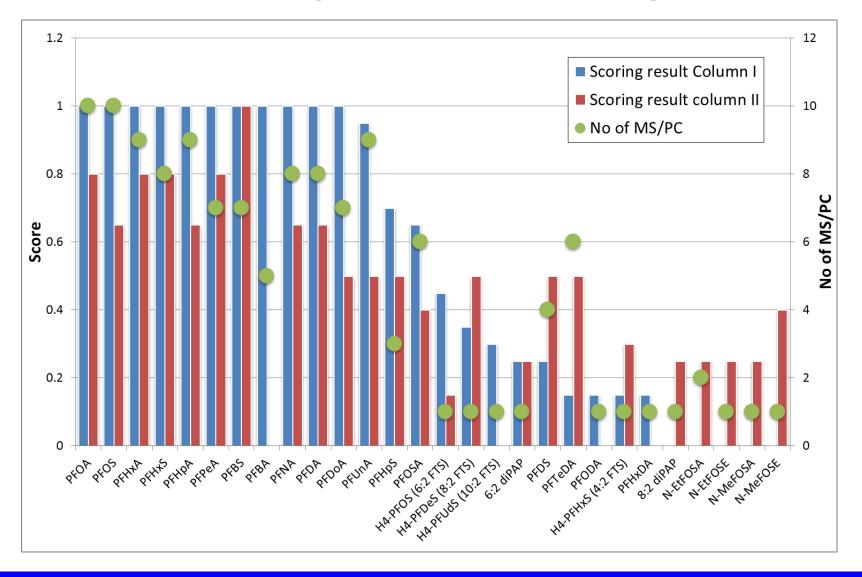
Indicators	Sub-score: % sites		
B) Percentage of sites with concentrations > LOQ (Score % N° sites)	(Values between 0 and 1)  0% 0 ≤ 0,25% 0.1 ≤ 0,5% 0.2 ≤ 1% 0.3 ≤ 2.5% 0.4 ≤ 5% 0.5 ≤ 10% 0.6 ≤ 25% 0.7 ≤ 50% 0.8 ≤ 75% 0.9 ≤ 100% 1		

Substance	Proved groundwater leaching potential score
PFOA	0,85
PFOS	0,8
PFBPA	?

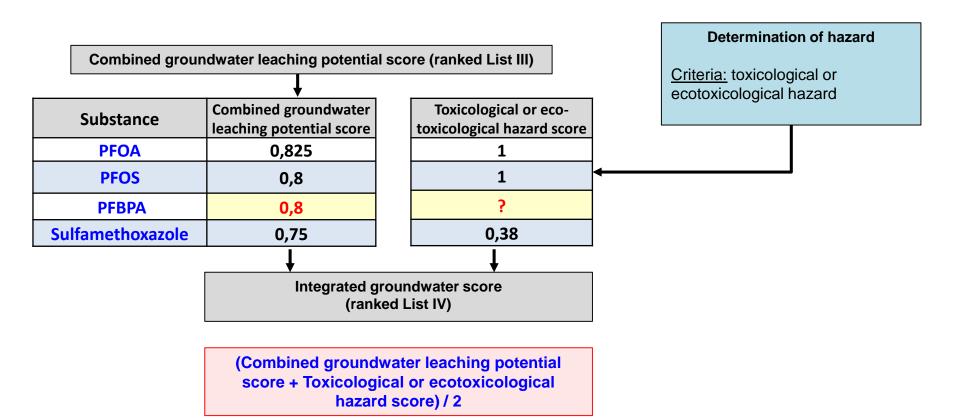


#### Voluntary GWWL Concept & Methodology - Rüdiger Wolter / Ronald Kozel

#### Relation between monitoring data (Column I) and leaching potential (Column II)

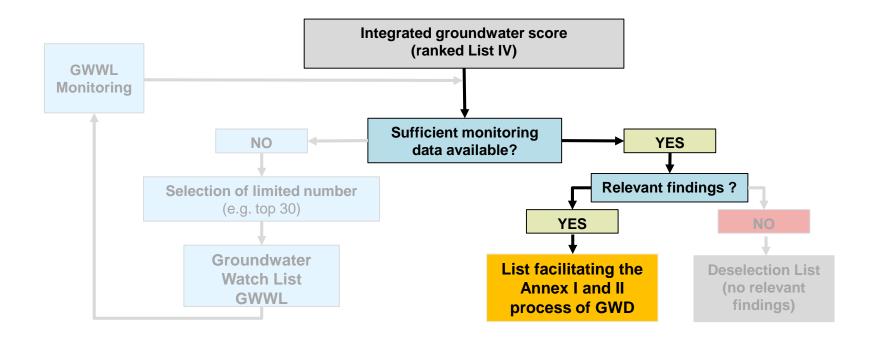


#### **Voluntary GWWL Concept & Methodology – Rüdiger Wolter / Ronald Kozel**



Substance	Integrated groundwater score
PFOA	0,9125
PFOS	0,9
PFBPA	0,8
Sulfamethoxazole	0,57

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Criteria for integration in "List Facilitating Annex I/II process of GWD"

Quantified in 4 or more MS and found at more than 10 sites in each of these countries

#### Voluntary GWWL Concept & Methodology - Rüdiger Wolter / Ronald Kozel

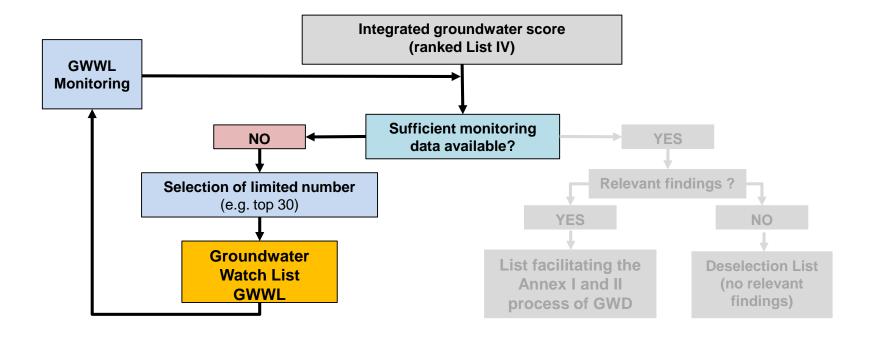
Substances that can go to the "List Facilitating Annex I/II process of GWD" based on data of the Pharmaceutical and PFAS studies.

No of MS/PC	Substance Name	Acronym	CAS#	Total number of sites analysed	No of sites with findings
10	Perfluorooctane Sulfonate	PFOS	1763-23-1	6278	1430
10	Perfluorooctanoic Acid	PFOA	335-67-1	5736	1549
8	Perfluorohexanoic Acid	PFHxA	307-24-4	4662	1175
7	Perfluoroheptanoic Acid	PFHpA	375-85-9	4224	817
7	Perfluorohexane Sulfonate	PFHxS	432-50-8	2328	873
6	Perfluorobutane Sulfonate	PFBS	375-73-5	2209	577
5	Perfluorodecanoic Acid	PFDA	335-76-2	2945	173
5	Perfluorononanoic Acid	PFNA	375-95-1	3752	195
5	Perfluoropentanoic Acid	PFPeA	2706-90-3	2452	701
4	Perfluorobutanoic Acid	PFBA	375-22-4	1189	552

No MS,		Substance Name	Acronym	CAS#	Total number of sites analysed	No of sites with findings
8	3	Carbamazepine		298-46-4	3732	471
6	5	Sulfamethoxazole		723-46-6	2176	114

**Meeting of the CIS Working Group Chemicals - Brussels - 09th January 2019** 

#### Which substances should go to the Voluntary Groundwater Watch List?



There are still 42 PFAS and about 280 Pharmaceuticals left on the ranked List IV.

Criteria for selecting substances for the GW Watch Line (a) Order of ranking (GWWL score)

!! under discussion!!

No	Cubatan sa Nama	GWWL	Column I	Column II	Leaching	Hazard
No.	Substance Name	Score	Score	Score	Score	Score
LF	Perfluorobutane Sulfonate	1	1	1	1	
LF	Perfluorooctanoic Acid	0,95	1	0,8	0,9	1
LF	Perfluorooctane Sulfonate	0,9125	1	0,65	0,825	1
LF	Perfluorohexanoic Acid	0,9	1	0,8	0,9	
LF	Perfluoropentanoic Acid	0,9	1	0,8	0,9	
LF	Perfluorohexane Sulfonate	0,9	1	0,8	0,9	
LF	Perfluorodecanoic Acid	0,825	1	0,65	0,825	
1	Perfluoroheptanoic Acid	0,825	1	0,65	0,825	
LF	Perfluorononanoic Acid	0,825	1	0,65	0,825	
2	Perfluorobutyl Phosphonic Acid	0,8		0,8	0,8	
3	Perfluorohexyl Phosphonic Acid	0,8		0,8	0,8	
4	Perfluorododecanoic Acid	0,75	1	0,5	0,75	
5	4:2 Fluortelomerphosphatemonoester	0,75		0,75	0,75	
6	Perfluoroundecanoic Acid	0,725	0,95	0,5	0,725	
7	Ranitidine	0,70	0,40	1,00	0,70	
LF	Sulfamethoxazole	0,66	0,90	1,00	0,95	0,38
8	Perfluorodecyl Phosphonic Acid	0,65		0,65	0,65	
9	Perfluorooctyl Phosphonic Acid	0,65		0,65	0,65	
10	Perfluoroheptane Sulfonate	0,6	0,7	0,5	0,6	
11	Sulfadiazine	0,60	0,65	1,00	0,83	0,38
LF	Carbamazepine	0,60	0,90	0,65	0,78	0,42
12	Atenolol	0,58	0,55	1,00	0,78	0,38
13	Ofloxacine	0,56	0,25	1,00	0,63	0,50

#### **Timeline of the Groundwater Watch List GWWL process**

Activities and Year input of MS/AC to GWWL Group		Activities of GWWL Group	Output from GWWL Group to WG GW, EC, SCG, WD and MS/AC	
	<ul> <li>Monitoring</li> <li>Identification of groups of substances for further GWWL activities</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Steering of Watch List Cycle</li> <li>Selection of substances for data collection</li> <li>Data collection</li> <li>Data assessment</li> <li>Substance selection for GWWL</li> <li>Substance selection for List facilitating Annex I and II review process</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Groundwater Watch         List</li> <li>List facilitating Annex         I and II review process</li> </ul>	
Year 1 Setup monitoring				
Year 2	Monitoring data	Assessment of monitoring data <u>results</u>	Summary of data/results	
Year 3	Monitoring data >	Assessment of monitoring data results	Summary of data/results	
Year 4 Monitoring data		Assessment of monitoring data results	Summary of data/results	
Year 5 Monitoring data		Assessment of monitoring data <u>results</u>	Summary of data/results	
Year 6 Monitoring <del>data →</del>		Set up of GWWL and List facilitating  Annex I/II review process	GWWL and List facilitating Annex I/II review process	
		Following GWWL Cycle		

## **Next steps:**

- Identification of substances for the "List Facilitating Annex I/II process of GWD" (based on results of pharmaceuticals and PFAS pilot studies)
- Set up of first GWWL (based on results of pharmaceuticals and PFAS pilot studies)
- Selection of substances / group of substance for the next data collection and assessment
- Presentation of Groundwater Watch List progress at WG GW and other meetings

#### **Voluntary GWWL Concept & Methodology – Rüdiger Wolter / Ronald Kozel**

#### First ideas for next data collection (substances or group of substances):

- Plasticizers
- Surfactants (different subgroups used for pesticides, health care products, ...)
- Non-relevant metabolites (large dataset available from Germany, Belgium, Switzerland).
- Microplastics
- Artificial Sweeteners
- 1,4-dioxine
- Biocides (includes pharmaceuticals, pesticides, surfactants)
- EDTA
- PAH (Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons)
- Veterinary medicines
- Solvents (e.g. 1,4-dioxine)
- Perchlorate (CIO<sup>-</sup><sub>4</sub>.)

#### Existing lists

- SIN (Substitute It Now) list: (<a href="http://chemsec.org/sin-list/">http://chemsec.org/sin-list/</a>). The list comprises around 1000 compounds with substances which have to be banned, based on REACH
- Indicators for WOI bombs (TNT, dinitrofenol)
- Surface Water Watch List
- Shortlist Drinking Water Group
- PMT list (Persistent Mobile Toxic)



Thank you for your attention!